



## Briefing 7 – 13 October 2009

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## IPIS

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### IPIS UPCOMING EVENTS

28 October - Lecture on mining in the DRC: "Reflecties over de mijnbouw in Congo: zegen of vloek?" - organised by AVRUG

([http://cas1.elis.ugent.be/avrug/forum\\_0901/mijnbouw.htm](http://cas1.elis.ugent.be/avrug/forum_0901/mijnbouw.htm))

24 November - Lecture on the history of Zaire/Congo from 1990 until today - organised by UCOS-VUB

9 December – Presentation of the principal engagements of the EU concerning natural resources during the Public Hearing of the European Parliament. – Belgisch Netwerk Natuurlijke Rijkdommen.

### IPIS RECENT PUBLICATIONS

#### **Jaarverslag 2008.**

(13/10/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/news.php?id=252>

*IPIS has published its activity report 2008. The activity report is a comprehensive report of IPIS' activities in 2008. Its assignments, publications and lectures are presented in this document. For now only the Dutch version is available, the English one will be released later on.*

#### **Note accompagnatrice de la carte interactive des zones minières militarisées aux Kivus.**

(13/10/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/mining-sites-kivus.php>

*The French version of the accompanying note on the interactive map of militarised mining areas in the Kivus has been published. It is an explanatory guide to the research methodology used to produce the interactive map of militarised mining areas in the Kivus (MiMiKi) map, the Concessions map and the 'Comptoirs 2008' table that are available at the site.*

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## Natural resources in the Great Lakes Region

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#### **The New Scramble for Africa.**

(7/10/2009 – New Vision - allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910080090.html>

*In a bid to stimulate the debate on Uganda's newly discovered oil and the sharing of the oil wealth, Business Vision runs a series of articles by Professor Kasozi, the director of the National Council for Higher Education. This week's article focuses on the new rush for Africa's resources... There is a 21st century scramble for Africa. This is a new scramble for Africa. This time, however, the focus is not on either territory or*

*political control. The 21st century scramble is entirely on resources, especially the black gold.*

## DRC

### **Mines, dollars and dams.**

(8/10/2009 – Africa Confidential)

<http://www.africa-confidential.com/article/id/3268/Mines%2c-dollars-and-dams>

*A decade after the fall of Mobutu Sese Seko, the Kinshasa government is still plagued by grand corruption and its reform efforts look hollow. Several inconvenient facts are undermining President Joseph Kabila's ambitious 'zero tolerance' anti-corruption campaign. Recent reports highlight the failure of efforts to reform Congo's state and the continuing pillage of its mining industry by local and foreign interests. On 26 September, the Senate published a 122-page report on mismanagement in the mining business. Congo made just US\$92 million from this key industry in 2008 but lost some \$450 mn. through under-invoicing, tax evasion, smuggling, fraudulent contracts and poor accounting.*

### **Tin industry supply chain current proposals insufficient.**

(14/10/2009 – Global Witness)

[http://www.globalwitness.org/media\\_library\\_detail.php/850/en/tin\\_industry\\_supply\\_chain\\_current\\_proposals\\_insufficient](http://www.globalwitness.org/media_library_detail.php/850/en/tin_industry_supply_chain_current_proposals_insufficient)

*The Congolese government should be cautious about endorsing a new industry initiative to trace the origin of tin supplies from the DRC, Global Witness warned today. "We encourage the Congolese government and companies to work together to break the links between the mineral trade and the armed conflict in eastern DRC," said Global Witness Director Patrick Alley, "but the government should convince itself of the effectiveness of the proposals before jumping to support them."*

### **Congo mining sector attracts investors despite risks.**

(13/10/2009 – Mining Weekly)

<http://www.miningweekly.com/article/congo-mining-sector-attracts-investors-despite-risks-2009-10-13>

*Congo's high-risk but potentially lucrative metals sector is once more attracting the interest of major investors looking to pick up bargains ahead of an anticipated global economic recovery and a rebound in demand. Most major foreign-owned projects in Democratic Republic of Congo suspended development last year when financing dried up amid a drop in world metals prices brought on by falling demand linked to the global economic downturn.*

### **Après le diamant, l'or, le coltan - La guerre du « nickel » en RDC.**

(12/10/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910120847.html>

*Article on nickel as it is becoming the newest "conflict mineral" in the DRC.*

### **Martin Kabwelulu - "Des gros efforts ont été fournis"**

(12/10/2009 – La Prospérité – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910121307.html>

*At the IPAD forum (Infrastructure Partnerships for African Development), organised in Kinshasa, the Congolese Minister of Mines, Martin Kabwelulu, stated the DRC has delivered great efforts to improve its mining sector.*

**Around 25 Congo mining deals risk cancellation.**

(8/10/2009 – Reuters)

<http://af.reuters.com/article/investingNews/idAFJJOE5970AR20091008>

*Some 25 mining contracts in Congo involving "second tier" copper, diamond, and gold assets could be scrapped if companies fail to present the results of feasibility studies by a December deadline, the Ministry of Mines said on Thursday.*

**Big projects key to slow Congo mining recovery.**

(12/10/2009 – Reuters)

<http://af.reuters.com/article/investingNews/idAFJJOE59B06R20091012>

*Congo's struggling copper and cobalt sector is slowly rebounding on rising metal prices, but a full-scale recovery will depend on major projects in development, the minister of mineral-rich Katanga province said at the weekend.*

**Energie - La modernisation des convertisseurs électriques d'Inga et Kolwezi confiée à ABB/Suède.**

(13/10/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910130534.html>

*The World Bank releases US\$ 100 millions for the modernisation of SNEL's two electric converters at Inga and Kolwezi.*

**Activists win 'alternative Nobel'.**

(13/10/2009 – BBC)

<http://news.bbc.co.uk/2/hi/europe/8305276.stm>

*A Swedish award widely described as the "alternative Nobel prize" has gone to activists from the Democratic Republic of Congo, Australia and New Zealand. Rene Ngongo, of Greenpeace, was one of the recipients of the annual "Right Livelihood Award" for his efforts to protect the Congolese rain forest.*

## UGANDA

**Status of Nation's Oil, Gas Deposits Discovered.**

(7/10/2009 – New Vision – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910080084.html>

*Uganda has continued to deliver major oil and gas exploration success with further 'world-class' discoveries attracting about \$506m in foreign direct investments, Dozith Abeinomugisha, the senior geologist in the energy ministry, has said. "We project that by the end of the year these investments will be in excess of \$900m," he said.*

**L'Ouganda et les promesses de l'or noir.**

(8/10/2009 – Colette Braeckman)

<http://blogs.lesoir.be/colette-braeckman/2009/10/08/louganda-et-les-promesses-de-lor-noir/>

*Article on the promising prospects of the Ugandan oil production industry.*

**Oil Cash Starts Flowing.**

(10/10/2009 – New Vision – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910120986.html>

*People in the Albertine region are already reaping the benefits of the oil ahead of production, a visit to the oil region by Sunday Vision has found.*

**Le FMI du côté des pétroliers.**

(7/10/2009 – Africa Energy Intelligence)

For consultation at request, or at IPIS library.

*The IMF is putting pressure on Uganda to amend its PSA, as the IMF judges they are not alluring enough to attract investors.*

**Le pétrole contre la paix.**

(7/10/2009 – Africa Energy Intelligence)

For consultation at request, or at IPIS library.

*Sudan showed its interest to invest in the Ugandan oil sector.*

**Cost of two-way pipeline triples to \$250m.**

(12/10/2009 – The East African)

<http://www.theeastafrican.co.ke/news/-/2558/670826/-/qxs6h9z/>

*A fresh twist in the never-ending drama of the Eldoret-Kampala oil pipeline has emerged. The Energy Ministry and the project contractor are at loggerheads over the total cost of the project, whose design has been changed several times, The EastAfrican has learnt. The latest changes in design have apparently pushed the project cost up by more than three times, to \$250 million — which experts say will impact on the user tariff.*

**Uganda registers first forestry project in Africa to reduce global warming emissions.**

(6/10/2009 – World Bank)

<http://go.worldbank.org/HL3FLHROJ0>

*Uganda has become the first country in Africa to undertake a reforestation project that will help reduce global warming emissions under the Kyoto Protocol. The Nile Basin Reforestation Project in Uganda is a ground-breaking project being implemented by Uganda's National Forestry Authority (NFA) in association with local community organizations.*

**Museveni Opens Power Plant in Kasese.**

(7/10/2009 – New Vision – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910080157.html>

*Electricity generation in Uganda has increased to 574 megawatt, up from 60 megawatt in 1968, President Yoweri Museveni announced yesterday. He, however, said it would be higher if Bujagali power dam had not been delayed by a campaign of opposition politicians and environmental activists. "The delay of the power dam of Bujagali by bad politicians and so-called environmental activists led the economy's growth to remain at only 5%" Museveni said. He made the statement on Wednesday when commissioning the 13 megawatt Buyoge hydropower plant in Kasese district.*

**40 Held over Illegal Fishing on Lake Edward.**

(8/10/2009 – The Monitor – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910080052.html>

*Some 40 Congolese fishermen were arrested and released on Saturday by Uganda security operatives after they were found carrying out illegal fishing on Ugandan waters on Lake Edward, Daily Monitor has learnt.*

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## International mining companies in the Great Lakes Region

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### DRC

#### **Tenke Fungurume investit 2 milliards USD pour un développement durable.**

(9/10/2009 – La Prospérité – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910090662.html>

*Article on Tenke Fungurume's US\$2 billion investment in Congo's sustainable development.*

#### **Renégociation du contrat TFM - Le gouvernement aborde la dernière ligne droite.**

(13/10/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910130535.html>

*Congolese Minister of Mines Martin Kabwelulu declared at the IPAD meeting the renegotiation of the TFM mining contract should be closed this week.*

#### **Tenke on tenterhooks.**

(9/10/2009 – Mineweb)

<http://www.mineweb.com/mineweb/view/mineweb/en/page36?oid=90496&sn=Detail>

#### **Contrat TFM : Encore 5 jours pour conclure.**

(7/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=24990>

*It seems that some time on Monday will mark the final deadline for Freeport-McMoRan to finally resolve - or otherwise - a number of contentious issues with the government of the Democratic Republic of the Congo over Tenke Fungurume, representing the country's biggest private sector investment of the modern era.*

#### **No deal as Tenke contract deadline looms.**

(13/10/2009 – Steelguru)

[http://steelguru.com/news/index/2009/10/13/MTE1OTQz/No\\_deal\\_as\\_Tenke\\_contract\\_deadline\\_looms.html](http://steelguru.com/news/index/2009/10/13/MTE1OTQz/No_deal_as_Tenke_contract_deadline_looms.html)

*Mining Journal reported that contract negotiations between the government of the Democratic Republic of the Congo and owners of the Tenke Fungurume mine are at a stalemate as the deadline for an agreement nears.*

#### **Freeport Congo Workers Acquitted on Bribery Charges (Update1).**

(9/10/2009 – Bloomberg)

<http://www.bloomberg.com/apps/news?pid=20601116&sid=aA3nOH7nJukk>

*Three employees of Freeport-McMoRan Copper & Gold Inc.'s unit in the Democratic Republic of Congo were acquitted on embezzlement charges, appeal court clerk Francois Mukangala said.*

#### **DRC, First Quantum must relaunch talks – Minister.**

(9/10/2009 – Mining Weekly)

<http://www.miningweekly.com/article/drc-first-quantum-must-relaunch-talks---minister-2009-10-09>

#### **DRC and First Quantum Minerals resume talks on copper projects.**

(13/10/2009 – Steelguru)

[http://steelguru.com/news/index/2009/10/13/MTE1OTM1/DRC\\_and\\_First\\_Quantum\\_Minerals\\_resume\\_talks\\_on\\_copper\\_projects.html](http://steelguru.com/news/index/2009/10/13/MTE1OTM1/DRC_and_First_Quantum_Minerals_resume_talks_on_copper_projects.html)

*The DRC and First Quantum Minerals must restart talks on a \$500 million copper project or risk scaring off future investors, the mines minister of Katanga province said on Friday. DRC cancelled the Canadian miner's Kingamyambo Musonoi Tailings*

*(KMT) project in the country's copper and cobalt heartland Katanga in August as part of a review of 61 mining deals.*

## UGANDA

### **ExxonMobil Takes U.S.\$4 Billion Stake in Tullow.**

(13/10/2009 – The Monitor – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910130609.html>

*Energy giant Exxon is betting big on Tullow's West African operations, investing \$4 billion in the company's Jubilee field, according to people familiar with the deal. Tullow has been hinting that it was looking for partners to invest in its operation in Uganda and Ghana.*

### **Tullow CFO: To Open Data Room For Uganda Oil Field Next Week.**

(8/10/2009 – Wall Street Journal)

<http://online.wsj.com/article/BT-CO-20091008-703853.html>

*Tullow Oil PLC will open a data room next week for potential partners to buy in to its oil discoveries in Uganda, said the company's Chief Financial Officer.*

### **Power Supply to Hit 574 MW.**

(11/10/2009 – New Vision – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910121133.html>

*Tronder Power, a Norwegian company, paid sh7.4m to relocate graves during the construction of the 13- megawatt Bugoye hydro-power plant in Bugoye sub-county, Kasese district.*

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## China in the Great Lakes Region

### **Lubumbashi : les entreprises chinoises traitent mal leurs personnels.**

(8/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=24996>

*Article on the RAID report concerning the working conditions for Chinese and Congolese civilians in Chinese mining enterprises in Katanga.*

### **China praised for African links.**

(11/10/2009 – BBC)

<http://news.bbc.co.uk/2/hi/africa/8301826.stm>

### **Kagame Praises China's Africa Investments.**

(13/10/2009 – The New Times – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910130001.html>

*President Paul Kagame has praised China's investment in African countries and called on the West to change their approach from giving aid to investing in the continent.*

### **Chinese Companies Amend \$9 Billion Congo Agreement (Update2).**

(8/10/2009 – Bloomberg)

<http://www.bloomberg.com/apps/news?pid=20601116&sid=apOsHGFqdgRM>

*China Railway Engineering Corp. and Sinohydro Corp. signed an amendment to a \$9 billion agreement with the Democratic Republic of Congo, Wu Zexian, China's ambassador to the central African country, said. Congo needed the Chinese parastatals to sign the changes in order to move closer to debt relief from the Paris*

Club and to have a \$600-million International Monetary Fund loan program approved. The Washington-based lender previously said the deal could add to Congo's \$11 billion foreign debt.

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## Arms trade / Security in the Great Lakes Region

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### **Burundi-Rwanda Hold Bilateral Talks.**

(8/10/2009 – The New Times – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910090004.html>

### **Govt, Burundi Capable of Defining Their Own Borders.**

(10/10/2009 – The New Times – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910120341.html>

*The Ministers of Foreign Affairs of Rwanda and Burundi are meeting in Kigali to discuss bilateral issues. High on the agenda of the five-day talks is the setting up of a Joint Commission on Cooperation and discussing unresolved border demarcation issues.*

### **Congolese Leaders Want Bilateral Ties With Nation.**

(11/10/2009 – The New Vision – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910121121.html>

*Authorities from the north-eastern region of the DRC have called for stronger bilateral ties with Uganda in socio-economic and security matters. Ambrose Butele, the Aru (in Congo) territorial administrator, said the two countries needed to cooperate to enforce security on the border. "Uganda's enemy is Congo's enemy. This is the case with Joseph Kony's LRA rebel fighters, who we see as blood-thirsty enemies," Butele said.*

## DRC

### **In Brief: Pay attention to washed-up rebels.**

(9/10/2009 – IRIN)

<http://www.irinnews.org/report.aspx?ReportID=86518>

*The ADF/NALU may be a has-been rebel group that was only ever a minor player in the Great Lakes miasma, but close examination of precisely why it threw in the towel could help efforts to end the wider, multi-faceted conflict there. The ADF/NALU, which only has an estimated 1,300 fighters, began preliminary peace talks in DRC in August 2009, and demobilization plans are being drawn up.*

### **Le CNDP fragilisé davantage après la suspension du Dr Kamanzi.**

(13/10/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910130249.html>

*The CNDP is weakened and looks fragmented after the suspension of its president, Désiré Kamanzi.*

### **Kabambare : ouverture officielle du centre de regroupement des ex-combattants à Wamaza.**

(11/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=25031>

*The reintegration camp in Wamaza, Kabambare, has been opened officially last weekend. Ex combatants in this camp have to choose between being integrated into the FARDC or a return to civil life.*

**DR Congo: UN restarts stalled reintegration of ethnic fighters.**

(8/10/2009 – UN News Centre)

<http://www.un.org/apps/news/story.asp?NewsID=32470&Cr=democratic&Cr1=congo>

**MONUC contributes to the integration of the Mai Mai “Yakutumba” armed group into the FARDC.**

(7/10/2009 – MONUC)

<http://monuc.unmissions.org/Default.aspx?tabid=932&ctl=Details&mid=1096&ItemID=6101> (English)

<http://monuc.unmissions.org/Default.aspx?tabid=1069&ctl=Details&mid=1143&ItemID=6100> (French)

*A United Nations assessment team has succeeded in restarting the disarmament and integration of some ethnic fighters into the national army in strife-torn eastern DRC after they rejected the process or set preconditions. The discussions led the Mai Mai Yakutumba to drop some preconditions, ironed out misunderstanding and resulted in the release by both the Yakutumba and another armed group, Forces républicaines fédéralistes (FRF), of more than 450 combatants for integration, according to the MONUC.*

**Réforme de l'armée - Maintenant ou jamais.**

(7/10/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910070471.html>

**Assemblée nationale - Deux projets de loi pour renforcer la réforme de l'armée.**

(7/10/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910070377.html>

*Articles on the urgent need for a restructuring of the Congolese national army. The Minister of Defence has been invited in the National Assembly to line out the planned reform.*

**Situation humanitaire au Nord-Kivu - Renforcement sécuritaire dans les zones de retour des déplacés.**

(8/10/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910080779.html>

**More than 50,000 displaced people from the Goma camps on their way home.**

(12/10/2009 – MONUC)

<http://monuc.unmissions.org/Default.aspx?tabid=932&ctl=Details&mid=1096&ItemID=6166> (English)

<http://monuc.unmissions.org/Default.aspx?tabid=1069&ctl=Details&mid=1143&ItemID=6164> (French)

*In North Kivu province, OCHA reports that the number of displaced people returning to their homes from the camps around Goma has accelerated in the last week, with more than 50,000 people returning home. According to figures from UNHCR, at the end of September, more than 50,000 individuals (5,000 households) had left these camps, situated on the Goma-Sake road, as they began to return home.*

**Goma : les déplacés du camp de Mugunga traînent encore à Sake.**

(7/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=24981>

*About 1.000 IDPs from Mugunga camp, near Goma, are still hesitating to return to their homes as they still fear the security situation.*

**Les réfugiés congolais du camp de Gihinga préfèrent rentrer au pays.**

(8/10/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910080777.html>

**La police empêche des réfugiés de RDC de rentrer chez eux.**

(7/10/2009 – IRIN – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910071124.html>

**Burundi forces clash with Congolese refugees.**

(7/10/2009 – Mail&Guardian)

<http://www.mg.co.za/article/2009-10-07-burundi-forces-clash-with-congolese-refugees>

**Que cache le retour forcé des Banyamulenge?**

(12/10/2009 – Le Phare – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910121318.html>

**Burundi: Congolese refugees turned away at DRC's border.**

(9/10/2009 – UNHCR)

<http://www.reliefweb.int/rw/rwb.nsf/db900SID/SKEA-7WNG4B?OpenDocument&RSS20=18-P>

**Uvira : la frontière avec Bujumbura fermée aux réfugiés congolais venant du Burundi.**

(9/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=25008>

*Articles on the Congolese refugees in Burundi's Gihinga camp that want to return home despite UNHCR's objections. The Burundi police already had to use force to keep the refugees from returning to their home country.*

**Don't return home, UN again warns Congolese refugees in Burundi.**

(9/10/2009 – UN News Centre)

<http://www.un.org/apps/news/story.asp?NewsID=32486&Cr=democratic&Cr1=congo>

**Des réfugiés congolais refoulés à la frontière avec la RDC.**

(9/10/2009 – UN News Centre – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910090746.html>

*For the second time this week, the United Nations refugee agency today warned more than 2,000 Congolese in Burundi not to return to the strife-torn east of the DRC, which they fled during ethnic fighting in 2004.*

**Burundi says Congo not ready to receive refugees.**

(8/10/2009 – Reuters)

<http://af.reuters.com/article/topNews/idAFJJOE5970K120091008?feedType=RSS&feedName=topNews>

*DRC told refugees in Burundi on Thursday who want to return to volatile South Kivu province that it was not ready to receive them there, a Burundian official said.*

**Refugees Agree to Temporary Relocation.**

(12/10/2009 – IRIN - allAfrica)

<http://www.irinnews.org/report.aspx?ReportId=86549>

*More than 2,000 Congolese Banyamulenge refugees in Burundi have dropped their refusal to move to another camp in Burundi after the intervention of a senior government official. The refugees were transferred to Bwagiriza camp in the northeastern Ruyigi province following the closure of a camp in Gihinga, in the central Mwaro province. With the closure of the Gihinga camp, the refugees had tried to return home to neighbouring DRC, but officials there prevented them from crossing the border.*

**RDC-Burundi : compromis pour le rapatriement des réfugiés congolais.**

(11/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=25033>

**Les réfugiés congolais du Burundi en instance de rapatriement.**

(13/10/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910130251.html>

*The Congolese refugees in Burundi will be repatriated to their home country within two weeks, this the outcome of the meeting between the DRC and Burundi that was organised on Saturday.*

**Over 60 DR Congo Nationals Expelled.**

(6/10/2009 – AngolaPress)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910071163.html>

*A total of 64 DR Congo nationals residing illegally in southern Huila province were arrested and sent to Luanda by the Migration and Foreign Services (SME) for repatriation, during the last nine months, a local SME chief told Angop today.*

**Des Congolais « brutalement expulsés » du pays.**

(8/10/2009 – IRIN – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910080879.html>

**Moanda : les expulsés congolais d'Angola se plaignent des extorsions.**

(13/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=25056>

*Articles on the human rights violations committed during the expulsion of Congolese citizens out of Angola.*

**Moanda : 4 000 nouveaux Congolais expulsés d'Angola.**

(8/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=24992>

*About 4.000 Congolese civilians expelled from Soyo, Angola, have arrived on Wednesday in Moanda, Bas Congo.*

**Expulsion des Congolais en Angola - Kinshasa et Luanda mettent sur pied une commission mixte.**

(7/10/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910070466.html>

*The Congolese government announced a mixed DRC-Angola commission will be established to deal with the case of the Congolese refugees being expelled from Angola.*

**Angola : plus de 1000 expulsés de la RDC concentrés près de Uige.**

(8/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=24997>

*More than 1000 expelled Angolans from the DRC are concentrated now near Uige, on the frontier between Kimbata/Maquela de Zombo.*

**Expulsion des Angolais : l'économie du Bas Congo subit le coup.**

(13/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=25051>

*Article on some of the consequences of the expulsion of Angolan people out of the Congolese territory.*

**ANGOLA-DRC: Retaliatory Expulsions Reach a New Peak.**

(13/10/2009 – IRIN)

<http://www.irinnews.org/report.aspx?ReportId=86567>

*The tit-for-tat expulsion of thousands of Angolan refugees living in the DRC, and the repatriation of thousands of undocumented Congolese migrants working in Angola, is raising fears of a "humanitarian catastrophe" in the making. A Situation Report by OCHA said there were concerns over the risk of "an actual humanitarian catastrophe" near the border post of Luvo/Lufu, in the northern Angolan province of Zaire, "where a huge number of expulsees are gathering".*

**RDC-Angola : les officiels en concertation pour gérer les expulsions.**

(13/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=25060>

**La RDC et l'Angola annoncent la fin des expulsions.**

(13/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=25058>

**Congo, Angola agree to suspend deportations.**

(13/10/2009 – Reuters - Reliefweb)

<http://www.reliefweb.int/rw/rwb.nsf/db900SID/VVOS-7WSKL6?OpenDocument&RSS20=18-P>

*Democratic Republic of Congo and Angola agreed on Tuesday to suspend a wave of deportations that has seen tens of thousands of foreign nationals expelled from the two countries in recent months, Congo's information minister said.*

**DRC: Send in the clowns.**

(8/10/2009 – IRIN)

<http://www.irinnews.org/report.aspx?ReportId=86499>

*In an effort to help displaced children living in camps in eastern Democratic Republic of Congo cope with the trauma of seemingly endless conflict, the entertainers from Clowns Without Borders performed to some 48,000 people in all.*

**UN mission in DR Congo launches child protection campaign in strife-ridden province.**

(8/10/2009 – UN News Centre)

<http://www.un.org/apps/news/story.asp?NewsID=32461&Cr=democratic+congo&Cr1=>

**Kisangani: MONUC and partners launch sensitization campaign for children's rights.**

(8/10/2009 – MONUC)

<http://monuc.unmissions.org/Default.aspx?tabid=932&ctl=Details&mid=1096&ItemID=6111> (English)

<http://monuc.unmissions.org/Default.aspx?tabid=1069&ctl=Details&mid=1143&ItemID=6112> (French)

*The United Nations peacekeeping operation in the DRC has launched a child protection campaign in a war-ravaged eastern province of the African nation. The MONUC, the UN Children's Fund (UNICEF) and local authorities expect the initiative, focused in north-eastern Oriental province, to sensitize the public to the rights of children and create a protective environment for them.*

**RD Congo : Bulletin d'information humanitaire - Province du Katanga, 30 septembre au 6 octobre 2009.**

(6/10/2009 – OCHA – Reliefweb)

<http://www.reliefweb.int/rw/rwb.nsf/db900SID/VVOS-7WNPYP?OpenDocument&RSS20=22-P>

**RD Congo : Bulletin d'information humanitaire - Province du Sud-Kivu, du 30 septembre au 6 octobre 2009.**

(7/10/2009 – OCHA – Reliefweb)

<http://www.reliefweb.int/rw/rwb.nsf/db900SID/VVOS-7WNPTW?OpenDocument&RSS20=22-P>

**Situation humanitaire en République Démocratique du Congo (RDC) : Briefing hebdomadaire à la presse, 07 octobre 2009.**

(7/10/2009 – OCHA - Reliefweb)

<http://www.reliefweb.int/rw/rwb.nsf/db900SID/EGUA-7WLQTA?OpenDocument&RSS20=22-P>

**RD Congo : Bulletin d'information humanitaire - Province Orientale, 29 septembre au 5 octobre 2009.**

(8/10/2009 – OCHA - Reliefweb)

<http://www.reliefweb.int/rw/rwb.nsf/db900SID/VVOS-7WNPPE?OpenDocument&RSS20=22-P>

**RD Congo : Bulletin d'information humanitaire - Provinces du Centre et de l'Ouest, 2 au 8 octobre 2009.**

(9/10/2009 – OCHA – Reliefweb)

<http://www.reliefweb.int/rw/rwb.nsf/db900SID/VVOS-7WNPFW?OpenDocument&RSS20=22-P>

**Briefing humanitaire en RDC, 05 au 09 octobre 2009.**

(9/10/2009 – OCHA - Reliefweb)

<http://www.reliefweb.int/rw/rwb.nsf/db900SID/VVOS-7WNQ5E?OpenDocument&RSS20=22-P>

*OCHA reports on the humanitarian situation and humanitarian assistance in the eastern Congolese provinces.*

**Norwegian security contractors launch plea against Congo death sentences.**

(12/10/2009 – Guardian)

<http://www.guardian.co.uk/world/2009/oct/12/norwegians-congo-death-sentences>

*Two Norwegian security contractors convicted of murder and espionage in the Democratic Republic of the Congo will tomorrow begin an appeal against their death sentences.*

## **FDLR**

**RD Congo : Ressources naturelles et violence: Le cas des FDLR.**

(12/10/2009 – GRIP)

<http://www.grip.org/fr/siteweb/dev.asp?N=simple&O=794>

*GRIP report on the FDLR's activities in the Kivu provinces.*

**Fizi : des affrontements FARDC/FDLR à Kilembwe.**

(12/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=25050>

*FARDC soldiers clashed with FDLR rebels this week in the mountains surrounding Kilembwe city.*

**UN-backed Congo military offensive a 'humanitarian disaster'.**

(13/10/2009 – Guardian)

<http://www.guardian.co.uk/world/2009/oct/13/democratic-republic-of-congo-civilian-deaths>

*A UN-backed offensive to destroy the FDLR Hutu rebel group in eastern Democratic Republic of Congo has had disastrous humanitarian consequences, with more than 1,000 civilians killed, 7,000 raped, and 900,000 forced from their homes.*

**DR Congo: Civilian Cost of Military Operation is Unacceptable.**

(13/10/2009 – Human Rights Watch)

<http://www.hrw.org/en/news/2009/10/12/dr-congo-civilian-cost-military-operation-unacceptable>

**Traque des FDLR : bilan "inacceptable" sur les civils tués, selon Human Right Watch.**

(13/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=25053>

**UN criticised on Congo offensive.**

(13/10/2009 – BBC)

<http://news.bbc.co.uk/2/hi/africa/8304721.stm>

**Rights groups: More than 1 000 killed in Congo.**

(13/10/2009 – Mail&Guardian)

<http://www.mg.co.za/article/2009-10-13-rights-groups-more-than-1nbsp000-killed-in-congo>

**RD Congo : Le prix payé par la population civile pour l'opération militaire est inacceptable.**

(13/10/2009 – Reliefweb)

<http://www.reliefweb.int/rw/rwb.nsf/db900SID/KHII-7WS4RV?OpenDocument&RSS20=18-P>

*The Congolese government's military operation in eastern Congo, Kimia II, backed by United Nations peacekeepers and aimed at neutralizing the threat from a Rwandan Hutu militia group, the FDLR, has resulted in an unacceptable cost for the civilian population, said 84 humanitarian and human rights groups in the Congo Advocacy Coalition today.*

**Kevin Kennedy : «l'appui de la Monuc aux FARDC n'est pas un chèque en blanc».**

(13/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=25066>

*MONUC answered on the NGOs' complaints concerning the MONUC's support for the Kimia II military operation.*

**Rapport d'un collectif d'ONG sur Kimia II : le gouvernement dénonce la manipulation.**

(13/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=25063>

*Congolese Minister and governmental spokesperson Lambert Mende Omalanga answers the NGOs after the release of their critical report concerning the Kimia II military operation.*

**Rwanda: DDRRR team encourages ex combatants in Mutobo to sensitize others.**

(13/10/2009 – MONUC)

<http://monuc.unmissions.org/Default.aspx?tabid=932&ctl=Details&mid=1096&ItemID=6175> (English)

<http://monuc.unmissions.org/Default.aspx?tabid=1069&ctl=Details&mid=1143&ItemID=6176> (French)

*MONUC's Disarmament, Demobilization, Repatriation, Resettlement and Reintegration (DDRRR) section visited 374 ex FDLR combatants hosted in the reintegration camp of Mutobo in Rwanda, to encourage them to sensitize others to join the DDRRR process.*

**LRA**

**Province Orientale - La LRA tue vingt-deux personnes à Digba.**

(8/10/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910080781.html>

*LRA rebels went on the rampage in Digba village, Dungu territory, killing 22 civilians.*

**Au coeur de l'Armée du Seigneur.**

(3/10/2009 – Colette Braeckman)

<http://blogs.lesoir.be/colette-braeckman/2009/10/03/nord-congo-le-regne-de-la-terreur/>

Article on Joseph Kony's LRA rebels.

**Ugandan rebel leader on the move to Chad.**

(8/10/2009 – DPA – Reliefweb)

<http://www.reliefweb.int/rw/rwb.nsf/db900SID/VDUX-7WMSRM?OpenDocument&RSS20=18-P>

*The leader of Uganda's Lord's Resistance Army (LRA) rebels, facing heavy pounding from the Congolese and Ugandan armies in the Congo and the Central African Republic CAR, is moving with his fighters to Chad, a Ugandan army official said Thursday.*

## UGANDA

**U.S. Army Sets Base in Kitgum District.**

(8/10/2009 – The Monitor – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910080817.html>

*Northern Uganda, the former epicentre of the Lord's Resistance Army (LRA) conflict, has become home for US Marines and army officers, at least for the next three weeks. Over 600 military personnel from Kenya, Tanzania, Burundi and Rwanda are also expected to arrive in Kitgum District, where Uganda, along with these partners will hold a 10-day exercise, focused on humanitarian assistance and disaster relief.*

**Big U.S. Military Exercise for Northern Region.**

(12/10/2009 – East African - allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910120125.html>

*More than 1,000 American and East African troops are to be deployed in northern Uganda next week as the United States carries out its biggest military exercise in Africa this year.*

**IDPs call for basic services.**

(13/10/2009 – IRIN - Reliefweb)

<http://www.reliefweb.int/rw/rwb.nsf/db900SID/VVOS-7WSKJS?OpenDocument&RSS20=18-P>

*Ugandan authorities have started closing down internally displaced people's (IDP) camps in the north, but residents say they are being sent back to villages without basic services.*

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## Other

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### **Accord FMI/RDC - Après les échanges d'Istanbul, rendez-vous à Paris et Washington.**

(8/10/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910080784.html>

*Article on the Congolese diplomats successful lobbying with the IMF in Istanbul, next will be the negotiations in Paris with the country's traditional creditors.*

### **Great Lakes Echoes.**

(October 2009 – EurAc)

For consultation at request.

*Monthly publication of the European Network for Central Africa. Contains several interesting articles, this month among other things: the Kimia II military operation, the link between the trade of mineral ores and conflict, ...*

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## IPIS latest publications

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### IPIS LATEST REPORTS

#### **Africa's natural resources in a global context.**

(12/08/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/natural-resources.php>

*While, on the one hand, it is widely acknowledged that Africa has great natural resource potential, on the other hand, one cannot but regret that the complex interplay between political and economic factors at the national and international level appears to make it impossible to use a more substantial part of the revenues from the exploitation and trade of these resources for the promotion of the well-being of people at the grassroots level. This paper, which concentrates on non-renewable natural resources, aims to disentangle some of the processes that explain the paradox between Africa's natural wealth and its relatively limited level of economic development. It shows that the state of affairs in the resource sectors of most African countries is still to a large extent determined by external factors. Extractive industries in Africa tend to be export-oriented and contribute disappointingly little to local development.*

#### **Militarised Mining Areas in the Kivus.**

(10/08/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/mining-sites-kivus.php>

*IPIS has published an interactive map of militarised mining areas in the Kivus (MiMiKi). Together with the map comes an explanatory guide to the research methodology and the possible uses of the map, including some striking findings. The MiMiKi map constitutes a first systematic attempt to clarify the issue of profit by armed groups from the extractive industry in the east of the DR Congo. The interactive map contains information on the location of mines, the presence of armed groups at mining pits and a number of other variables. Although most recent*

*analyses written on the issue point out that the region's relative mineral wealth is not the primary cause of the armed conflict in the Kivus, its role in financing armed groups is indisputable. Because of this situation, Western companies buying ores originating from the Great Lakes region, have been targeted by international NGOs who are asking them to implement a thorough system of due diligence. In the light of the loudening call for a stricter regulation of the sector, the listing of mining sites in the Kivus is essential.*

*The MiMiKi map only shows a part of the mining sector, namely the extraction of the minerals. In order to find out whether Western companies are buying Congolese minerals from which armed groups might benefit, the whole trading chain needs to be established. Therefore, in addition to the MiMiKi map, IPIS has appended a specific table containing information on the activities of the official comptoirs (mineral traders) in 2008.*

*It has to be noted that the MiMiKi map is not yet complete and should be considered as a work in progress. To date, more than 200 active mining sites are located on the map, including the most important. There are a few remaining blind spots (areas on which IPIS has no first hand information) on the map.*

### **The impact of the global financial crisis on mining in Katanga.**

(14/07/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/natural-resources.php>

*This report examines the impact of the global financial crisis on the mining sector in Katanga, the southeast province of the Democratic Republic of the Congo. As far as the industrial mining sector is concerned, it is shown that the crisis exacerbated the uncertainty of mining companies that were waiting for the results of the review of the mining contracts and that were often in the middle of starting up or expanding their activities in Katanga. Nevertheless, IPIS remains convinced that the renegotiation of the mining contracts is of vital importance for the long-term development of the Congolese mining industry. As far as the artisanal mining sector is concerned, it is pointed out that, due to the sharp decline in mineral prices, large numbers of artisanal miners have left the mines. While some of them appear to have found a new source of income in agriculture, there are disturbing reports that others may have chosen to engage in criminal activities in order to stay afloat.*

*Given the importance of the mining sector as a source of revenue for the Democratic Republic of the Congo, the development of a sound policy for crisis management is of vital importance to protect the health of the Congolese Treasury and to keep intact the possibility of stepping up government efforts in terms of poverty reduction and infrastructure development once the global economy starts to recover. This report shows that both the central government in Kinshasa and the provincial government in Lubumbashi have taken a number of measures to cope with the consequences of the global financial crisis.*

*Unfortunately, there are indications that the ongoing decentralisation process tends to complicate the cooperation between the two governments. Moreover, as a result of the exaggerated attention for the so-called 'rétrocession' issue in the Congolese press, there is a real risk that the anti-crisis measures of the Congolese authorities are not examined in a critical manner.*

### **Zimbabwe - Arms and Corruption: fuelling human rights abuse.**

(July 2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/arms-trade.php>

*The following examples of irresponsible arms transfers involving Zimbabwe and other actors should be of great concern to the international community. The examples cited below are intended to illustrate further the need to ensure that the proposed international Arms Trade Treaty is as comprehensive as possible, and fully reflects the obligations of States to prevent arms transfers which pose a substantial*

risk of being used in serious violations of international human rights law. It is perhaps not a coincidence that these examples involve, amongst others, China and the U.S.A. – both of whose governments have been amongst the ‘doubters’ in the ongoing United Nations General Assembly deliberations on the ATT since 2006. Hopefully, as the new Obama Administration reviews the U.S. approach to the control of conventional arms, the U.S. position will become more constructive.

### **Culprits or scapegoats? Revisiting the role of Belgian mineral traders in eastern DRC.**

(13/05/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/natural-resources.php>

*Ever since the eruption of the second Congo war in August 1998, the mining sector in eastern DRC has been under the scrutiny of UN Sanctions Committees, academics, NGOs, and local and international media, who have been worried and disturbed by the links between natural resource exploitation and armed conflict in the region. Both state and non-state armed actors are deriving benefit from the local mining business by levying taxes on mineral exports, by selling minerals for their own profit, and by trading mining rights for financial and military support.*

*The present report aims to clarify the position and responsibility of Belgian mineral traders in the area. Our purpose is not only to shed more light on the activities of Trademet and Traxys, the two companies featuring in the latest UN report, but also to discuss the activities of two other companies that have received less attention so far, namely Services and Trading International (STI) and Société pour le Développement et l'Expansion d'Entreprises (SDE).*

### **An analysis of Finexpo's and Ducroire/Nationale Delcredere's support practices in comparison to the EUODAD principles on responsible financing.**

(29/04/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/corporate-social-responsibility.php>

*In 2007, Belgian exports generated 89,3% of Belgium's gross domestic product. The exports created employment as well as fiscal and parafiscal revenues. Because of the importance that exporting holds in the Belgian economy, Belgium has several public instruments in place to encourage and support the export of goods and services. At the federal level, there are Ducroire/Nationale Delcredere (ONDD), FINEXPO and the Belgian International Investment Company (BMI-SBI). At the regional level, the most important are the Agence Wallonne à l'Exportation (AWEX) for Wallonia, Brussels Export for the Brussels region, and Flanders Investment and Trade for the Flanders Region.*

*This research paper looks specifically at the practices of the two most significant players at the federal level: FINEXPO and Ducroire/Nationale Delcredere. FINEXPO provides advice to the Belgian government about five types of support measures: rent stabilisation mechanism, interest relief (with or without grants), pure grants and loans (tied and untied). Ducroire/Nationale Delcredere provides insurances and financial guarantees against commercial and political risks. Annex 1 to this report lists and explains the various types of support. The paper will discuss the financial terms, legal terms and conditions in place when FINEXPO and Ducroire/Nationale Delcredere provide support for Belgian exports.*

*The paper also looks into what extent FINEXPO's and Ducroire/Nationale Delcredere's practices match the financial terms, legal terms and conditions which are set out in the EUODAD Charter on Responsible Financing. The principles in the Charter outline the essential components of a reasonable loan. Given that only FINEXPO provides loans, the principles in the Charter are only directly applicable to the provision of loans by FINEXPO. Despite this fact, the principles are still useful in determining whether the financial and insurance practices of all support measures by FINEXPO and those by Ducroire/Nationale*

*Delcrederedienset are responsible support measures or not. EURODAD's principles represent a general framework for a tough but fair policy.*

### **Mapping Conflict Motives: Central African Republic.**

(20/02/2009 – IPIS)

[www.ipisresearch.be/mapping\\_car.php](http://www.ipisresearch.be/mapping_car.php)

*IPIS has published 'Mapping Conflict Motives: Central African Republic'. It is the third study in the IPIS mapping series and it deals with the presence, behaviour and motivation of the armed groups that operated in the Central African Republic in 2008. Also the French version of the report is now online.*

### **Rechercher la problématique des ressources naturelles dans la RDC.**

(12/02/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/natural-resources.php>

*This syllabus has been created by IPIS for its project 'Renforcement de capacité d'ONG congolaises qui travaillent autour les ressources naturelles : méthodologies de recherche et rédaction de dossiers de haute qualité servant de base aux activités de campagne et de lobbying'. The project aims to reinforce the capacity of Congolese NGOs to produce reports and articles of high quality.*

### **Mapping Conflict Motives: Katanga Update: May- September 2008.**

(6/01/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/updates-katanga.php>

*This report is the third (and for the moment the last) in a series of updates following an initial report on conflict motives in the Congolese province of Katanga. It analyses the most important security developments from May 2008 until September 2008.*

*IPIS would like to highlight the following issues dealt with in the report:*

*Security problems in Katanga have stopped figuring in the news. To a certain extent this is justified because the overall humanitarian situation in Katanga has improved and in general the number of human rights violations has decreased.*

*However, with MONUC gradually retreating from the province the international presence diminishes and with it the number of eyes and ears of observers in the field. Nonetheless, for the future several security hazards remain.*

*For one, the impact of the economic crisis on Katanga is enormous. Virtually all mining companies have significantly reduced or stopped their activities. The social consequences are dire for a province that economically relies heavily on mining. Secondly, in August a law was promulgated providing for the creation of 25 Congolese provinces instead of the 10 current ones. In this scenario Katanga will be cut into 4 new provinces. Feelings about the issue are mixed. The possible impact is difficult to estimate. Finally, the human rights situation in the North of the province remains disquieting, with persistent violations committed by state agents.*

*The information for the updates is drawn from desktop research by IPIS and permanent field research carried out by four Katangese partner organisations based in different parts of Katanga.*

## **IPIS LATEST ARTICLES**

### **Stabilisation et secteur minier dans l'Est de la RDC.**

(August 2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/natural-resources.php>

*In the beginning of July the Congolese government established a plan for the stabilisation of eastern DRC. The media remained silent concerning this initiative and*

*the plan has not been made public. IPIS, however, managed to obtain this Congolese stabilisation plan. The objective of this article is to look at the essential points of the plan that could be useful as part of the Congolese and international efforts to dissolve the crisis in the eastern part of the country.*

## Sources

Sources	Newsletter	RSS Feed	scanning
ACP		RSS Feed	
Africa Confidential	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Africa Energy Intelligence		RSS Feed	
Africa Mining Intelligence		RSS Feed	
AfricaAction	Newsletter		
AfricaFiles	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
AfricaFocus	Newsletter		
African Development Bank	Newsletter		
afrik.com	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Afrique Souveraine	Newsletter		
AllAfrica		RSS Feed	
Antwerp Facets Magazine	Newsletter		
Arms Control Association	Newsletter		
Artsen Zonder Grenzen	Newsletter		
BASIC (British American Security Information Council))	Newsletter		
BBC News Africa World Edition		RSS Feed	
BICC (Bonn International Center for Conversion)	Newsletter		
BICUSA (Bank Information Center)	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Bruce Broomhall	Newsletter		
Business Daily Africa (Kenian)		RSS Feed	
CarterCenter		RSS Feed	
Center for Chinese Studies	Newsletter		
China Digital Times		RSS Feed	
Chinadaily.com	Newsletter		
CIROC (Center for Information and Research on Organized Crime)	Newsletter		
Clingendael		RSS Feed	
CNN Africa		RSS Feed	
Colette Braeckman		RSS Feed	
CommodityOnline		RSS Feed	
Conciliation Resources	Newsletter		
CongoForum	Newsletter		scanning
Council of the european union	Newsletter		
Daily Energy News		RSS Feed	
Daily Monitor (Uganda)		RSS Feed	
De Morgen		RSS Feed	
De Standaard		RSS Feed	
De Tijd	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Defense Industry Daily	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Defense News	Newsletter		
Denis Tougas	Newsletter		
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digitalcongo.net	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
diplomatie.be		RSS Feed	
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EIN News - China Mining		RSS Feed	
EITI (Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative)	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Energy Information Administration		RSS Feed	
Erik Kennes	Newsletter		
euforic (Europe's Forum on International Cooperation)		RSS Feed	
EurAc (European Network for Central Africa)	Newsletter		
EuropAfrica.org		RSS Feed	
European Investment Bank		RSS Feed	
Fatal Transactions		RSS Feed	
FIDH (International Federation Human Rights / Fédération internationale de Droits Humaines )	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Financial Times	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Flight International (flightglobal.com)		RSS Feed	
Forest Stewardship Council		RSS Feed	
GICHD (Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining)	Newsletter		
Global Witness	Newsletter		scanning
GRAMA (Groupe de recherche sur les activités minières en Afrique)	Newsletter		scanning
Great Lakes Center for Strategic Studies	Newsletter		
Guardian		RSS Feed	
Herald Tribune		RSS Feed	
Hirondelle			scanning
Human Rights Watch		RSS Feed	
IANSA (International Action Network on Small Arms)	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
ICMM (International Council on Mining and Metals)	Newsletter		
IGAD (InterGovernmental Authority on Development)		RSS Feed	
Illegal Logging	Newsletter		
IMF (International Monetary Fund)	Newsletter		
infomine-africa.com	Newsletter		
Institute for war and peace reporting	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
International Alert	Newsletter		
International Business Times – Mining			scanning
International Crisisgroup	Newsletter		
International Energy Agency	Newsletter		
International Institute for Strategic Studies	Newsletter		
International Mining			scanning
IPIS (International Peace Information Service)			scanning
IPS - Belgium (Inter Press Service)			scanning
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ISS (Institute for Security Studies)	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
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Mineweb	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
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Miraya 101 FM		RSS Feed	
MO*	Newsletter		
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New Vision (Uganda)		RSS Feed	
Noord-Zuidportaal	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Obsac (Observatoire de l'Afrique Centrale)		RSS Feed	
OCIPE (Jesuit European Office)	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
OilVoice		RSS Feed	
OPEC		RSS Feed	
OSISA (Open Society Initiative for Southern Africa)		RSS Feed	
Overseas Development Institute		RSS Feed	
Oxfam	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
PAC (Partnership Africa Canada)	Newsletter		
Pambazuka	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Pan African Parliament	Newsletter		
Pax Christi International	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Radio Okapi	Newsletter		
ReliefWeb		RSS Feed	
Resource Investor		RSS Feed	
Reuters Africa		RSS Feed	
Saferworld	Newsletter		
SEESAC (South Eastern and Eastern Europe Clearinghouse for the Control of Small Arms and Light Weapons )	Newsletter		
Sipri (Stockholm International Peace Research Institute)	Newsletter		
small arms survey			scanning
SpaceWar & TerraDaily	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Steelguru	Newsletter		
Survie	Newsletter		
Syfia Grands Lacs	Newsletter		
Trends – Knack		RSS Feed	
Tresa (Training and Education on Small Arms)	Newsletter		
Uitpers	Newsletter		
UN News Centre	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
UNECA (... Economic Commission for Africa)	Newsletter		
UNHCR (... High Commissioner for refugees)		RSS Feed	
UNIDIR (... Institute for Disarmament Research)	Newsletter		
UNIDO (... Industrial Development Organization)		RSS Feed	
UNMIL (... Mission in Liberia)		RSS Feed	
USAID	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
USGS (U.S. Geological Survey)	Newsletter		
Vlaams Vredesinstituut	Newsletter		
VOA News		RSS Feed	
Warefare.ru	Newsletter		
Washington Post		RSS Feed	
World Bank	Newsletter	RSS Feed	

World Rainforest Movement  
WWF – Forest  
Xinhua

Newsletter

RSS Feed

RSS Feed

#### Magazines\*

Adelphi papers  
Africa Confidential  
Africa Energy Intelligence  
Africa Mining Intelligence  
Arms control today  
Aviation week  
Billet's d'Afrique  
Defense News  
Disarmament diplomacy  
Flight International  
International humanitair recht in de kijker (Zoeklicht)  
Jane's defence weekly  
Jane's international defence review  
Jeune Afrique  
Keesings historisch archief  
La lettre du Continent  
Netherland quarterly on human rights  
New African  
NJCM bulletin  
Strategic survey  
Terrorism and political violence  
The arms control reporter  
The bulletin of the atomic scientists  
The military balance  
Veiligheid en strategie  
Vrede en veiligheid

\*Can be found at IPIS library

#### Keywords used in Google:

burundi mining  
Congo mining  
DRC mining  
Rwanda mining  
Uganda mining

exploitation Ouganda  
exploitation Rwanda  
exploitation Burundi  
exploitation RDC  
mine RDC  
mine Ouganda

forest DRC  
logging DRC  
logging Uganda  
logging Rwanda  
logging Burundi

DRC timber  
Rwanda timber  
Uganda timber  
Burundi timber  
Congo timber

exploitation forestière RDC  
exploitation forestière Rwanda  
exploitation forestière Ouganda  
exploitation forestière Burundi