



# Briefing 30 September – 6 October 2009

---

## Contents

---

IPIS .....	2
IPIS upcoming events.....	2
Natural resources in the Great Lakes Region .....	2
DRC .....	3
Uganda .....	4
International mining companies in the Great Lakes Region .....	5
DRC .....	6
Uganda .....	7
Rwanda.....	7
China in the Great Lakes Region.....	8
Arms trade / Security in the Great Lakes Region.....	9
DRC .....	9
FDLR.....	12
LRA.....	13
Uganda .....	13
Burundi.....	14
IPIS latest publications .....	15
IPIS latest reports.....	15
IPIS latest articles.....	18
Sources.....	19

---

## IPIS

---

### IPIS UPCOMING EVENTS

28 October - Lecture on mining in the DRC: "Reflecties over de mijnbouw in Congo: zegen of vloek?" - organised by AVRUG

([http://cas1.elis.ugent.be/avrug/forum\\_0901/mijnbouw.htm](http://cas1.elis.ugent.be/avrug/forum_0901/mijnbouw.htm))

24 November - Lecture on the history of Zaire/Congo from 1990 until today - organised by UCOS-VUB

9 December – Presentation of the principal engagements of the EU concerning natural resources during the Public Hearing of the European Parliament. – Belgisch Netwerk Natuurlijke Rijkdommen.

---

## Natural resources in the Great Lakes Region

---

### **Grands Lacs - Comment couper le lien entre les recettes des minerais et les conflits armés?**

(6/10/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910060328.html>

(5/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=24955>

*The CIRGL member states gathered from September 30 until October 2 in Gisenyi, Rwanda, to talk about the link between natural resources and armed conflict.*

### **Regional Power Projects on Track – Butare.**

(29/09/2009 – The New Times – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200909300082.html>

*The mooted regional power production and cross-boarder transmission lines will be ready in three years and their feasibility studies will be out by next year. According to Rwandan State Minister for Energy Butare, the hydro power plants of Rusizi II and Rusizi III that will be jointly exploited by DRC, Burundi and Rwanda, will have their feasibility studies completed by next year.*

### **EU to Increase Funding of Energy Projects.**

(2/10/2009 – Business Daily – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910020011.html>

*The European Union will increase the EU-Africa Infrastructure Fund, giving hopes that projects like the Kenya-Ethiopia electricity interconnection will continue to receive funding. The EU is a major financier of power and telecommunications projects in Africa. It is part of the EU plans to help Africa to improve its infrastructure including roads and electricity generation to ease the cost of doing business and increase the competitiveness of African products in the global market.*

### **African Gas And Oil Community Needed.**

(28/09/2009 – New Vision – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200909290079.html>

*Article demanding the establishment of an African Gas and Oil Community It makes a comparison with the 'European Coal and Steel Community' that was first proposed in 1950 by French foreign minister Robert Schuman as a way to prevent further war between France and Germany. The shared economic interests became so great that war had become unthinkable. It laid the foundation of the European Union.*

## **DRC**

### **Revisitation des contrats miniers - L'enlisement conduira à la crise.**

(30/09/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910010204.html>

*From the 60 mining contracts that had to be renegotiated, two of the negotiation processes have not yet been concluded. The article states it is time to take the plunge.*

### **Mines : Après plus de 2,5 milliards USD d'investissement, TFM menacé de fermeture.**

(30/09/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=24905>

*The Congolese government warned Tenke Fungurume Mining that it threatens to loose its mining rights if it does not heighten Gecamines' share in the project to 17% and refuses to pay US\$30 million for the cobalt and copper reserves.*

### **Résiliation du contrat KMT - L'Assemblée provinciale du Katanga s'en mêle.**

(6/10/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910060364.html>

*The Katanga provincial parliament decided to pore over the annulment of the mining contract with KMT.*

### **Initiative pour la transparences dans la gestion des industries extractives.**

(5/10/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910050400.html>

*Congolese civil society organisations gathered to talk about the role they could play on the scene of the Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative.*

### **Canadian head of Congo state miner Gecamines quits.**

(30/09/2009 – Mining Weekly)

<http://www.miningweekly.com/article/canadian-head-of-congo-state-miner-gecamines-quits-2009-09-30>

### **Disillusioned Congo mines chief quits.**

(30/09/2009 – Financial Times)

[http://www.ft.com/cms/s/0/f8a54eec-ae06-11de-87e7-00144feabdc0.html?nclick\\_check=1](http://www.ft.com/cms/s/0/f8a54eec-ae06-11de-87e7-00144feabdc0.html?nclick_check=1)

### **Congo's Gecamines CEO resigns.**

(30/09/2009 – Mineweb)

<http://www.mineweb.com/mineweb/view/mineweb/en/page72068?oid=90039&sn=Detail>

### **Lubumbashi: L'ADG de la Gécamines démissionne.**

(30/09/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=24916>

### **Gécamines - Paul Fortin démissionne, le personnel pleure!**

(1/10/2009 – La Prospérité – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910010556.html>

*The managing director of Gecamines, Paul Fortin resigned on Wednesday on the same day a parliamentary report said widespread fraud was preventing hundreds of millions of dollars in mining revenues from reaching state coffers. A Kinshasa-based person close to Gecamines said Mr Fortin had grown disillusioned at the widespread*

*theft and fraud getting in the way of the company's mandate to boost Congo's metal production. A Congolese Senate committee has simultaneously issued an explosive report about the mismanagement of Congo's mineral wealth, confirming critics' most cynical views.*

**Katanga mines minister suspended.**

(30/09/2009 – Africa Mining Intelligence)

For consultation at request, or at IPIS library.

*Katanga minister Kitungwa was arrested in Lubumbashi following an incident during a routine anti-corruption check.*

**World Bank pledges support for DRC's Grand Inga dam.**

(11/09/2009 – BIC)

<http://www.bicusa.org/en/Article.11462.aspx>

*Observers, however, are skeptical that the proposed project presents a solution to Africa's energy problems and whether the millions of Africans without access to electricity stand to benefit.*

**Tambwe Mwamba à New York: « protéger la forêt congolaise, c'est assurer la survie de l'humanité »**

(30/09/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=24907>

*Interview with Congolese Minister Alexis Tambwe Mwamba on the importance of the Congolese forests.*

**L'Initiative du Partenariat pour les forêts du bassin du Congo.**

(5/10/2009 – American government – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910051746.html>

*Document of the American government on the Congo Basin Forest Partnership.*

## UGANDA

**Museveni Woos French Investors.**

(3/10/2009 – The Monitor – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910050143.html>

*President Museveni has asked the visiting French delegation to consider investing in the country's transport and energy infrastructures. According to President Museveni, more investments in the country's infrastructure development through roads, railway networks and energy will not only allow Uganda harness its rich potential in agricultural, mineral and petroleum products, but also enhance global competition.*

**Uganda's endowment allures French investors.**

(6/10/2009 – The Monitor)

[http://www.monitor.co.ug/artman/publish/business\\_power/Uganda\\_s\\_endowment\\_allures\\_French\\_investors\\_92435.shtml](http://www.monitor.co.ug/artman/publish/business_power/Uganda_s_endowment_allures_French_investors_92435.shtml)

*A group of French business people visited Uganda last week. The investors were on a fact finding mission aimed at laying a foundation for French investors to come to Uganda and also strengthen economic ties between the two countries.*

**The Government Must Disclose Oil Deal in Full.**

(29/09/2009 – The Monitor – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200909290123.html>

*Opinion article stating the full release of Uganda's Production Sharing Agreements with Tullow Oil and Heritage Oil & Gas is the fundamental first step towards forging a democratic, accountable and socially responsible extraction of oil in the Albertine rift.*

### **Uganda Business News: Uganda urged on oil sharing agreements.**

(30/09/2009 – UG Pulse)

<http://www.ugpulse.com/articles/daily/news.asp?about=Uganda+urged+on+oil+sharing+agreements&ID=12427>

*The government of Uganda has been called upon to publicly disclose the oil Production Sharing Agreements it has signed or intends to sign with oil producing companies. Many Ugandans have been expressing concern over government's failure to disclose the oil sharing agreements as the country prepares to start exploiting the huge oil reserves that have been confirmed in mid western Uganda.*

### **Ugandan oil reserves: A blessing or a curse?**

(5/10/2009 – Moneyweb)

<http://www.moneyweb.co.za/mw/view/mw/en/page306448?oid=321495&sn=2009%20Detail&pid=287226>

*Uganda's 2bn barrels of reserve oil have the potential to transform its economy. But with the civil unrest going on in northern Uganda, many question whether the oil reserves will transform into a blessing or a curse for the country.*

### **Details of Uganda-Tullow oil deal revealed.**

(25/09/2009 – New Vision – allAfrica)

<http://www.newvision.co.ug/D/8/12/695823>

*Uganda secured one of the best deals in the world for its oil exploration. In an exclusive interview with Saturday Vision, Tullow Oil, the biggest oil company in Uganda, revealed that for every 10 barrels, the Government gets eight. "Only one country in Sub-Saharan Africa has better terms than Uganda and that is Angola. In Ghana, the government gets 60%," said Aidan Heavey, the chief executive officer of the Irish company, which has so far invested \$500m in Uganda.*

---

## **International mining companies in the Great Lakes Region**

---

### **New wave of African mining M&A tempered by risk.**

(5/10/2009 – Reuters)

<http://af.reuters.com/article/topNews/idAFJOE5940CD20091005?feedType=RSS&feedName=topNews>

*Mining firms digging for Africa's untapped riches are attracting renewed interest, but takeover deals are likely to be dominated by emerging market players that are prepared to assume greater levels of political risk. In contrast, Western mining giants, which have long held a presence in the mineral-rich continent, have spent the last year weathering the economic downturn and are expected to remain more cautious about taking on high-risk deals.*

### **FACTBOX-Recent M&A activity among African mining firms.**

(5/10/2009 – Reuters – Forbes)

<http://www.forbes.com/feeds/afx/2009/10/05/afx6965393.html>

*In this article details of recent merger and acquisition activity involving mining firms with operations in Africa.*

### **Zambia cobalt plant to restart output in two weeks.**

(30/09/2009 – Mining Weekly)

<http://www.miningweekly.com/article/zambia-cobalt-plant-to-restart-output-in-two-weeks-2009-09-30>

*Zambia's largest cobalt producer Chambishi Metals Plc will restart production in two weeks time when suppliers in the DRC are expected to deliver cobalt concentrates, it said on Wednesday.*

## DRC

### **DJ Congo Govt Insists Tenke Fungurume Contract Must Be Reworked.**

(2/10/2009 – Trading Markets)

<http://www.tradingmarkets.com/.site/news/Stock%20News/2560234/>

*The Congo government has warned U.S.-based Freeport-McMoRan Copper & Gold Inc. (FCX) that it must rework the \$2 billion Tenke Fungurume contract to comply with the country's mining code or the deal could be revoked, an official at the state mining licensing body told Dow Jones Newswires Friday.*

### **Koreans moving into mine infrastructure.**

(30/09/2009 – Africa Mining Intelligence)

For consultation at request, or at IPIS library.

*South Korean interests are poised to become logistical partners for BHP Billiton in its project for an 800.000 t/year aluminium smelter in Bas Congo.*

### **Dan Gertler pulls out of CAMEC.**

(30/09/2009 – Africa Mining Intelligence)

For consultation at request, or at IPIS library.

*The Israeli Dan Gertler sold his entire holding in CAMEC, as part of the deal under which CAMEC is bought by ENRC.*

### **Banro Chooses advisor for Twangiza.**

(30/09/2009 – Africa Mining Intelligence)

For consultation at request, or at IPIS library.

*Banro Corp has hired Standard Chartered Bank as its sole advisor for financing its Twangiza gold project in the DRC.*

### **Metals trader caught in Congolese tin row.**

(30/09/2009 – Steelguru)

[http://steelguru.com/news/index/2009/09/30/MTE0MDY1/Metals\\_trader\\_caught\\_in\\_Congolese\\_tin\\_row.html](http://steelguru.com/news/index/2009/09/30/MTE0MDY1/Metals_trader_caught_in_Congolese_tin_row.html)

*The Australian reported that the lucrative trade in Congolese tin has become embroiled in a political struggle between a London metals merchant and a campaign group over the tin trade's failure to prevent warlords in the Democratic Republic of Congo from profiting from tin mining. AMC a leading trader on the London Metal Exchange has suspended purchases of cassiterite from Congo after Global Witness, an advocacy group accused the trader of buying tin from middlemen who deal with rebel groups.*

### **Katanga Announces Termination of Remaining Relationship Agreements.**

(7/10/2009 – Marketwire)

<http://www.marketwire.com/press-release/Katanga-Mining-Limited-TSX-KAT-1055930.html>

*Katanga Mining Limited announced that the remaining relationship agreements that certain of Katanga's major shareholders, including Glencore Finance Limited, RP Explorer Master Fund, Cosaf Limited and Ruwenzori Limited, separately entered into with Katanga on January 21, 2008 in connection with Katanga's acquisition of Nikanor Plc., have been terminated by agreement with immediate effect in light of the significantly changed circumstances since that date. These agreements provided such shareholders with certain appointment and nomination rights in respect of the officers and directors of Katanga.*

**Kilo Announces Debt Settlement for Shares.**

(6/10/2009 – Marketwire)

<http://www.marketwire.com/press-release/Kilo-Goldmines-Ltd-TSX-VENTURE-KGL-1055813.html>

*Kilo Goldmines Ltd. announced today that it has entered into a debt settlement agreement with GBM Minerals Engineering Consultants Limited of the United Kingdom to issue 861,303 common shares at a deemed price of C\$0.45 per share to settle past indebtedness owing to GBM relating to project management, procurement and engineering services provided to the Company in the DRC.*

**UGANDA****Neptune to Drill Second Oil Well in West Nile.**

(29/09/2009 – New Vision – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200909300064.html>

*Neptune petroleum has announced plans to drill a second oil exploration well in the West Nile region. The drilling has been fixed for early next year, according to a statement from the company.*

**Heritage to Drill Wells in National Park.**

(4/10/2009 – New Vision – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910050263.html>

*Canadian-owned Heritage Oil has announced plans to drill 10 more oil wells in Murchison Falls National Park in northern Uganda.*

**UWA opposes oil wells in Murchison.**

(5/10/2009 – New Vision)

<http://www.newvision.co.ug/D/8/13/696896>

*THE Uganda Wildlife Authority (UWA) has raised objections to the drilling of 10 more wells in Murchison Falls National Park by Heritage Oil. “We received the environmental impact assessment from NEMA and we have raised our concerns in writing,” UWA boss Moses Mapesa told The New Vision yesterday.*

**RWANDA****Gov't Cautious On Oil Exploration Concessions.**

(29/09/2009 – The New Times – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200909290052.html>

*The government is taking precautionary measures not to be rushed into striking a deal on the oil exploration concessions given to Canadian firm Vangold Resources Ltd. Government officials led by Dr. Albert Butare, the Minister of State in charge of Energy and Vangold President, Dal Brynelsen, held discussions last week to assess the progress in the ongoing exploration of oil deposits in Lake Kivu.*

---

## China in the Great Lakes Region

---

### **Chinese Mining Operations in Katanga.**

(September 2009 – RAID)

<http://raid-uk.org/docs/ChinaAfrica/EXSUM%20ENG%20LR.pdf>

[http://www.pambazuka.org/en/category/africa\\_china/59130](http://www.pambazuka.org/en/category/africa_china/59130)

*This report, the first of its kind, provides a snapshot of working conditions in Katanga in Chinese-run enterprises. It synthesizes the views, experiences, concerns and recommendations of Chinese and Congolese workers interviewed. The report is based on a survey carried out in 2008 by Rights and Accountability in Development (RAID) into working conditions in Chinese private mining companies in Katanga Province in the DRC.*

### **La convention minière entre la Chine et la RDC n'est pas une exclusion.**

(30/09/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910010205.html>

*Le Potentiel had a conversation with the Chinese ambassador in Kinshasa on the US\$9 billion Congolese contract with the Chinese investors, the Chinese policy in Africa, China's relationship with the USA, ...*

### **Contrats chinois - L'obstacle est levé.**

(30/09/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200909300251.html>

*China is prepared to accept the amendments to the Sino-Congolese partnership agreement, so the DRC can reach a new agreement with the IMF. China does state it will not allow any other adjustments after this one.*

### **Cnooc Shows 'Interest' in Investing in Tullow's Ugandan Project.**

(2/10/2009 – Bloomberg)

<http://www.bloomberg.com/apps/news?pid=20601116&sid=aL45BwmNV8Dg>

### **China keen on Ugandan talks over Tullow's oil find.**

(3/10/2009 – The Independent)

<http://www.independent.ie/business/world/china-keen-on-ugandan-talks-over-tullows-oil-find-1903533.html>

*Tullow Oil has confirmed that the state-owned China National Offshore Oil Corp (CNOOC) has expressed an interest in buying into the huge oil discoveries made by Tullow in Uganda.*

### **Uganda Government Would 'Welcome' Further Chinese Investment.**

(2/10/2009 – Bloomberg)

<http://www.bloomberg.com/apps/news?pid=20601116&sid=ak9X2nk97qh8>

*Uganda would welcome further investment in the country by China, which has already invested in "many" areas that have failed to attract interest from other foreign investors, the Uganda Investment Authority said.*

---

## Arms trade / Security in the Great Lakes Region

---

### DRC

#### **Uneven progress in DR Congo, UN reports.**

(30/09/2009 – UN News Centre)

<http://www.un.org/apps/news/story.asp?NewsID=32373&Cr=democratic+congo&Cr1=> (English)

<http://www.un.org/apps/newsFr/storyF.asp?NewsID=20217&Cr=Congo&Cr1=> (French)

#### **Dans un rapport de Ban Ki-Moon - L'Onu insiste sur la nécessité de poursuivre les opérations contre les FDLR.**

(5/10/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910050396.html>

*Progress critical to stabilization in the eastern DRC has been uneven, with some rebels being reintegrated into the national army while others continued to attack civilians, Secretary-General Ban Ki-moon writes in a new report. "The humanitarian situation remained precarious during the reporting period due to large-scale population displacements; human rights violations by armed men, including rapes, killings and lootings; impeded humanitarian access; and security incidents against humanitarian workers," Ban Ki-moon says in the report.*

#### **Katanga - une tension observée dans le rang de démobilisés à Mitwaba.**

(5/10/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910050395.html>

*Demobilised former rebels from Mitwaba threaten to destabilize the situation as they are waiting for their compensation since June.*

#### **Accords de Goma : les Mai Mai réclament un remaniement ministériel.**

(30/09/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=24911>

*The former Mai-Mai Rwenzori rebel group complains about the implementation of the Goma agreements signed in March.*

#### **UN Agency Warns Group of Congolese Refugees Against Returning Home.**

(5/10/2009 – UN News Centre – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910051665.html>

#### **Le HCR déconseille aux réfugiés congolais au Burundi le retour dans l'est de la RDC.**

(6/10/2009 – UN News Centre – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910060908.html>

#### **Burundi : les réfugiés congolais de Gihinga veulent rentrer en RDC.**

(6/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=24965>

*UNHCR warned more than 2,000 Congolese sheltering in Burundi against returning to their homes in conflict-ridden eastern DRC. The Congolese refugees from a region of South Kivu province which borders with Burundi have refused to relocate to a newly established camp further east and decided instead to return west to the Uvira region of South Kivu, their homeland.*

**Police Stop Refugees From Trekking Home.**

(6/10/2009 – IRIN)

<http://www.irinnews.org/report.aspx?ReportId=86466>

(6/10/2009 – IRIN - allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910060966.html>

*Police in Burundi have forcibly prevented a group of refugees from leaving a camp because they intended to trek home to Democratic Republic of Congo, according to residents.*

**Sud-Kivu - le 5ème convoi des réfugiés congolais de la Tanzanie arrive à Fizi.**

(5/10/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910050399.html>

**Fizi : arrivée d'un 5e convoi des réfugiés congolais de la Tanzanie.**

(4/10/2009 - Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=24945>

*A new batch of Congolese refugees has been repatriated from Tanzania by UNHCR to Fizi. So far 63.563 Congolese refugees have returned from Tanzania.*

**L'Angola, la RDC et la République du Congo expulsent leurs clandestins.**

(30/09/2009 – Afrik.com)

<http://www.afrik.com/article17654.html>

**18 000 Congolais expulsés d'Angola.**

(1/10/2009 – Le Phare – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910020674.html>

**Bas-Congo : l'expulsion des Angolais se généralise.**

(6/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=24974>

*Angola and the ROC are dispelling Congolese refugees. The UN stated it deplors the accompanying human rights violations.*

**DR Congo: Congolese "brutally deported" from Angola.**

(6/10/2009 – IRIN)

<http://www.irinnews.org/report.aspx?ReportId=86465>

(6/10/2009 – IRIN – Reliefweb)

<http://www.reliefweb.int/rw/rwb.nsf/db900sid/VVOS-7WKK46?OpenDocument>

**Bas-congo : 5000 refoulés d'Angola arrivent à Boma.**

(5/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=24952>

*Thousands of Congolese citizens are being deported from Angola to the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC) under alarming circumstances, say humanitarian workers.*

**Expulsions des Congolais : mise en place d'une commission mixte RDC-Angola.**

(6/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=24958>

*The Congolese government announced a mixed DRC-Angola commission will be established to deal with the case of the Congolese refugees from Angola.*

**RDC sans Monuc - Quels lendemains?**

(1/10/2009 – Le Phare – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910020675.html>

*Article on MONUC's 10 year presence in the DRC.*

**UNPOL plays an important role in the reform of the Congolese National Police.**  
(30/09/2009 – MONUC)

<http://monuc.unmissions.org/Default.aspx?tabid=932&ctl=Details&mid=1096&ItemID=6056> (English)  
<http://monuc.unmissions.org/Default.aspx?tabid=1069&ctl=Details&mid=1143&ItemID=6055> (French)

*MONUC Police (UNPOL), within the framework of its support to the reform of the security sector in the DRC and according to the mandate given to MONUC by the Security Council, continues to support the Congolese National Police (PNC), to reinforce its capacities through training, assistance and professional legal advice.*

**Kinshasa: MONUC police sensitized on issues of sexual exploitation and abuse.**

(2/10/2009 – MONUC)

<http://monuc.unmissions.org/Default.aspx?tabid=932&ctl=Details&mid=1096&ItemID=6069> (English)  
<http://monuc.unmissions.org/Default.aspx?tabid=1069&ctl=Details&mid=1143&ItemID=6068> (French)

*From 30 September to 1 October last, 22 focal points from MONUC police were sensitized by MONUC's Conduct and Discipline section, on the code of conduct and discipline in relation to sexual exploitation and abuse. The objective of the workshop was to increase the knowledge of the participants on the respect of the rules and good conduct, as well as the various categories of infringements and established procedures.*

**MONUC informs local NGOs on its programme to aid victims of torture.**

(1/10/2009 – MONUC)

<http://monuc.unmissions.org/Default.aspx?tabid=932&ctl=Details&mid=1096&ItemID=6067> (English)  
<http://monuc.unmissions.org/Default.aspx?tabid=1069&ctl=Details&mid=1143&ItemID=6066> (French)

*About twenty local human rights organizations in Kinshasa benefitted from a training programme by the Transitional Justice unit and MONUC's Human Rights section. The objective was to inform these organizations of torture victims's rights and access conditions so that MONUC can better assist these victims.*

**War, Tradition Feeds Sexual Violence Against Women.**

(1/10/2009 – Institute for war and peace reporting)

[http://www.iwpr.net/?p=acr&s=f&o=356241&apc\\_state=henpacr](http://www.iwpr.net/?p=acr&s=f&o=356241&apc_state=henpacr)

*Women's rights groups say that an environment exists in the DRC in which women are perceived to have little value in society, making them more likely to be targets of sexual or physical abuse.*

**Briefing humanitaire en RDC, 28 sept au 02 octobre 2009.**

(2/10/2009 – OCHA – Reliefweb)

<http://www.reliefweb.int/rw/rwb.nsf/db900SID/VDUX-7WFS5N?OpenDocument&RSS20=22-P>

**RD Congo : Bulletin d'information humanitaire - Province du Katanga, 23 au 29 septembre 2009.**

(29/09/2009 – OCHA – Reliefweb)

<http://www.reliefweb.int/rw/rwb.nsf/db900SID/VDUX-7WFRNJ?OpenDocument&RSS20=22-P>

**RD Congo : Bulletin d'information humanitaire - Province du Sud-Kivu, du 23 au 29 septembre 2009.**

(30/09/2009 – OCHA – Reliefweb)

<http://www.reliefweb.int/rw/rwb.nsf/db900SID/VDUX-7WFRVR?OpenDocument&RSS20=22-P>

**RD Congo : Bulletin d'information humanitaire - Provinces du Centre et de l'Ouest, 25 septembre au 1 octobre 2009.**

(2/10/2009 – OCHA – Reliefweb)

<http://www.reliefweb.int/rw/rwb.nsf/db900SID/VDUX-7WFRSY?OpenDocument&RSS20=22-P>

**RD Congo : Bulletin d'information humanitaire - Province Orientale, 22 au 28 septembre 2009.**

(30/09/2009 – OCHA – Reliefweb)

<http://www.reliefweb.int/rw/rwb.nsf/db900SID/VDUX-7WFRQQ?OpenDocument&RSS20=22-P>

*OCHA reports on the humanitarian situation and humanitarian assistance in several Congolese provinces.*

**Immediate action needed to protect the civilian population in the DRC.**

(30/09/2009 – Reliefweb)

<http://www.reliefweb.int/rw/rwb.nsf/db900SID/AMMF-7WDRRW?OpenDocument>

*Letter from several NGOs to European Governments and the European Union to draw urgent attention to the situation in North and South Kivu in the DRC. This entrenched conflict has escalated steadily over the last year. The NGOs are particularly alarmed by the evidence of widespread and systematic human rights violations and of a growing illegal mineral trade, which is perpetrated by the armed parties.*

**FDLR****Congo peacekeepers kill seven rebels in east: UN.**

(1/10/2009 – Reuters)

<http://af.reuters.com/article/topNews/idAFJOE59003020091001?feedType=RSS&feedName=topNews>

*UN helicopters killed seven people in a rocket attack on rebels trying to seize an army camp in DRC's North Kivu province, a UN military spokesman said on Wednesday. Most of the government soldiers based in Lwibo, in Masisi territory, had left the camp to get their pay when FDLR rebels and local Mai Mai militia fighters attacked their base early on Tuesday.*

**Masisi : 10 tués dans les combats de Kinyumba et Lwibo.**

(30/09/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=24910>

*An FDLR attack on FARDC soldiers in Kinyumba and Lwibo resulted in 8 rebels killed, 1 FARDC soldier and 1 civilian.*

**Walungu : encore une attaque FDLR, un prêtre et un séminariste enlevés.**

(3/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=24941>

**Walungu : les 2 religieux, otages des FDLR, libérés.**

(4/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=24948>

*FDLR rebels attacked the parish of Cihherano and abducted a priest and a seminarian. A few hours later the two religious were released again.*

**Rwandan rebels control DR Congo mines in east.**

(30/09/2009 – AFP)

<http://www.google.com/hostednews/afp/article/ALeqM5hmY64oPnLsRou4UaS61XdJmHER8g>

**Malgré les opérations «Kimia II» - Les FDLR encore maîtres des zones minières de Walikale.**

(2/10/2009 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910020329.html>

*Despite the Kimia II military operations conducted by the FARDC, supported by the MONUC, FDLR rebels are still present in the mining areas of Ruvungi, Walikale.*

**FDLR Funding Efforts Should Be Stopped.**

(3/10/2009 – The New Times – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910060170.html>

*It was reported Friday that FDLR, still maintain a considerable grip on DRC minerals. The reports indicate that these rebel forces continue to exploit minerals in Eastern Congo. The minerals include Coltan and Cassiterite, the former being a component in the manufacture of mobile phones and other electronic devices. This implies that the illegal exploitation of these minerals by the FDLR has an international dimension since these devices are not manufactured in this region.*

**Walikale : le groupement de Waloa Uroba devient l'un des plus importants bastions des FDLR.**

(1/10/2009 – Radio Okapi)

<http://www.radiookapi.net/index.php?i=53&a=24925>

*The security situation in Waloa Uroba, Walikale, is terrible, as it has become one of the FDLR rebels' most important bases since the beginning of the Kimia II military operation.*

**An Uneasy Alliance in Eastern Region and its High Cost for Civilians - Operation Kimia II.**

(29/09/2009 – ENOUGH Project – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200909290615.html>

**Strategy Paper on Military Operations in Congo.**

(29/09/2009 – ENOUGH Project - allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200909290614.html>

*The human cost of Operation Kimia II the ongoing joint offensive by the Congolese army and United Nations peacekeepers against Rwandan rebels in eastern Congo outweighs its benefits. Although Kimia II has led to gains in the fight against the Democratic Forces for the Liberation of Rwanda, or FDLR, by forcing the rebels to abandon a number of the lucrative mining areas that help sustain their insurgency, efforts to protect civilians during this offensive have been woefully inadequate. A spike in atrocities against civilians has worsened an already dreadful humanitarian situation in North and South Kivu provinces.*

## LRA

**LRA - Le cauchemar n'est pas terminé.**

(2/10/2009 – IRIN – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/200910020790.html>

**CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC: The LRA - not finished yet.**

(1/10/2009 – IRIN)

<http://www.irinnews.org/report.aspx?ReportId=86391>

*Article on the inability of the CAR and Uganda national soldiers to dispel the LRA rebels.*

**Resurgent LRA Kill 20 in Country.**

(7/10/2009 – Trangonews)

[http://www.trangonews.com/n/Resurgent\\_LRA\\_Kill\\_20\\_in\\_Country/6322.aspx](http://www.trangonews.com/n/Resurgent_LRA_Kill_20_in_Country/6322.aspx)

*An estimated 3,000 Lord's Resistance Army (LRA) rebels have crossed back to the Democratic Republic of Congo from the Central African Republic, Chief Sasa of Ango region in north western Congo told Daily Monitor on telephone that the rebels, who are advancing towards the Sudan border, had killed 26 people.*

## UGANDA

**Thousands of Ugandans return to their farms after 20 years in displaced camps – UN.**

(2/10/2009 – UN News Centre)

<http://www.un.org/apps/news/story.asp?NewsID=32403&Cr=uganda&Cr1=>

*More than a million Ugandans driven from their homes by decades of violent conflict are gradually moving back to their homeland in the north of the country thanks to an innovative United Nations-backed farming project, the Food and Agricultural Organization (FAO) said today.*

**23,500 Denounce Rebellion.**

(1/10/2009 – New Vision – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910020147.html>

*A total of 23,526 rebels from 28 rebel groups have denounced rebellion, and have received amnesty since 2000, the chairman of the Amnesty Commission has said. According to the list submitted to the parliamentary committee on commissions and state enterprises yesterday, the largest number of rebels who got amnesty were from the LRA (12, 645).*

**Waragi Banned in Karamoja Over Arms Deal.**

(5/10/2009 – The Monitor – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/200910051595.html>

*Police in Karamoja have banned the sale and consumption of packed and locally brewed gin to curb arms trafficking and deaths. "We found out that some businessmen selling this gin have been hiding ammunitions in jerrycans and selling them to the Karimojong," Police spokesman Richard Musisi said.*

**Do more to reduce illicit guns in society.**

(7/10/2009 – The Monitor)

[http://www.monitor.co.ug/artman/publish/opinions/Do\\_more\\_to\\_reduce\\_illicit\\_guns\\_in\\_society\\_92495.shtml](http://www.monitor.co.ug/artman/publish/opinions/Do_more_to_reduce_illicit_guns_in_society_92495.shtml)

*President Yoweri Museveni on Monday torched a huge pyre of 3,500 illegal guns at the opening of the East African Peace and Security conference at Speke Resort Munyonyo. This is not the first time that thousands of such small firearms are being destroyed. In 2006, a total of 57,000 guns and small arms were smelted at the Steel Rolling Mills in Jinja. Only a year earlier, the government had destroyed 3,000 guns at Nsambya Primary School grounds in Kampala. All these are a clear indication that the struggle against the proliferation of illegal guns is far from over.*

**BURUNDI****Burundi: New firearms law.**

(1/10/2009 – IANSA)

<http://www.iansa.org/updates/update011009.htm#burundi>

*A new firearms law was signed off on 28 August by Burundi's President Pierre Nkurunziza. A grace period of two months will allow civilians legally or illegally holding weapons to hand them in to the police.*

---

## IPIS latest publications

---

### IPIS LATEST REPORTS

#### **Africa's natural resources in a global context.**

(12/08/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/natural-resources.php>

*While, on the one hand, it is widely acknowledged that Africa has great natural resource potential, on the other hand, one cannot but regret that the complex interplay between political and economic factors at the national and international level appears to make it impossible to use a more substantial part of the revenues from the exploitation and trade of these resources for the promotion of the well-being of people at the grassroots level. This paper, which concentrates on non-renewable natural resources, aims to disentangle some of the processes that explain the paradox between Africa's natural wealth and its relatively limited level of economic development. It shows that the state of affairs in the resource sectors of most African countries is still to a large extent determined by external factors. Extractive industries in Africa tend to be export-oriented and contribute disappointingly little to local development.*

#### **Militarised Mining Areas in the Kivus.**

(10/08/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/mining-sites-kivus.php>

*IPIS has published an interactive map of militarised mining areas in the Kivus (MiMiKi). Together with the map comes an explanatory guide to the research methodology and the possible uses of the map, including some striking findings.*

*The MiMiKi map constitutes a first systematic attempt to clarify the issue of profit by armed groups from the extractive industry in the east of the DR Congo. The interactive map contains information on the location of mines, the presence of armed groups at mining pits and a number of other variables. Although most recent analyses written on the issue point out that the region's relative mineral wealth is not the primary cause of the armed conflict in the Kivus, its role in financing armed groups is indisputable. Because of this situation, Western companies buying ores originating from the Great Lakes region, have been targeted by international NGOs who are asking them to implement a thorough system of due diligence. In the light of the loudening call for a stricter regulation of the sector, the listing of mining sites in the Kivus is essential.*

*The MiMiKi map only shows a part of the mining sector, namely the extraction of the minerals. In order to find out whether Western companies are buying Congolese minerals from which armed groups might benefit, the whole trading chain needs to be established. Therefore, in addition to the MiMiKi map, IPIS has appended a specific table containing information on the activities of the official comptoirs (mineral traders) in 2008.*

*It has to be noted that the MiMiKi map is not yet complete and should be considered as a work in progress. To date, more than 200 active mining sites are located on the map, including the most important. There are a few remaining blind spots (areas on which IPIS has no first hand information) on the map.*

## **The impact of the global financial crisis on mining in Katanga.**

(14/07/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/natural-resources.php>

*This report examines the impact of the global financial crisis on the mining sector in Katanga, the southeast province of the Democratic Republic of the Congo. As far as the industrial mining sector is concerned, it is shown that the crisis exacerbated the uncertainty of mining companies that were waiting for the results of the review of the mining contracts and that were often in the middle of starting up or expanding their activities in Katanga. Nevertheless, IPIS remains convinced that the renegotiation of the mining contracts is of vital importance for the long-term development of the Congolese mining industry. As far as the artisanal mining sector is concerned, it is pointed out that, due to the sharp decline in mineral prices, large numbers of artisanal miners have left the mines. While some of them appear to have found a new source of income in agriculture, there are disturbing reports that others may have chosen to engage in criminal activities in order to stay afloat.*

*Given the importance of the mining sector as a source of revenue for the Democratic Republic of the Congo, the development of a sound policy for crisis management is of vital importance to protect the health of the Congolese Treasury and to keep intact the possibility of stepping up government efforts in terms of poverty reduction and infrastructure development once the global economy starts to recover. This report shows that both the central government in Kinshasa and the provincial government in Lubumbashi have taken a number of measures to cope with the consequences of the global financial crisis.*

*Unfortunately, there are indications that the ongoing decentralisation process tends to complicate the cooperation between the two governments. Moreover, as a result of the exaggerated attention for the so-called 'rétrocession' issue in the Congolese press, there is a real risk that the anti-crisis measures of the Congolese authorities are not examined in a critical manner.*

## **Zimbabwe - Arms and Corruption: fuelling human rights abuse.**

(July 2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/arms-trade.php>

*The following examples of irresponsible arms transfers involving Zimbabwe and other actors should be of great concern to the international community. The examples cited below are intended to illustrate further the need to ensure that the proposed international Arms Trade Treaty is as comprehensive as possible, and fully reflects the obligations of States to prevent arms transfers which pose a substantial risk of being used in serious violations of international human rights law. It is perhaps not a coincidence that these examples involve, amongst others, China and the U.S.A. – both of whose governments have been amongst the 'doubters' in the ongoing United Nations General Assembly deliberations on the ATT since 2006. Hopefully, as the new Obama Administration reviews the U.S. approach to the control of conventional arms, the U.S. position will become more constructive.*

## **Culprits or scapegoats? Revisiting the role of Belgian mineral traders in eastern DRC.**

(13/05/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/natural-resources.php>

*Ever since the eruption of the second Congo war in August 1998, the mining sector in eastern DRC has been under the scrutiny of UN Sanctions Committees, academics, NGOs, and local and international media, who have been worried and disturbed by the links between natural resource exploitation and armed conflict in the region. Both state and non-state armed actors are deriving benefit from the local mining business by levying taxes on mineral exports, by selling minerals for their own profit, and by trading mining rights for financial and military support.*

*The present report aims to clarify the position and responsibility of Belgian mineral traders in the area. Our purpose is not only to shed more light on the activities of Trademet and Traxys, the two companies featuring in the latest UN report, but also to discuss the activities of two other companies that have received less attention so far, namely Services and Trading International (STI) and Société pour le Développement et l'Expansion d'Entreprises (SDE).*

## **An analysis of Finexpo's and Ducroire/Nationale Delcrederedienst's support practices in comparison to the EURODAD principles on responsible financing.**

(29/04/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/corporate-social-responsibility.php>

*In 2007, Belgian exports generated 89,3% of Belgium's gross domestic product. The exports created employment as well as fiscal and para-fiscal revenues. Because of the importance that exporting holds in the Belgian economy, Belgium has several public instruments in place to encourage and support the export of goods and services. At the federal level, there are Ducroire/Nationale Delcrederedienst (ONDD), FINEXPO and the Belgian International Investment Company (BMI-SBI). At the regional level, the most important are the Agence Wallonne à l'Exportation (AWEX) for Wallonia, Brussels Export for the Brussels region, and Flanders Investment and Trade for the Flanders Region.*

*This research paper looks specifically at the practices of the two most significant players at the federal level: FINEXPO and Ducroire/Nationale Delcrederedienst. FINEXPO provides advice to the Belgian government about five types of support measures: rent stabilisation mechanism, interest relief (with or without grants), pure grants and loans (tied and untied). Ducroire/Nationale Delcrederedienst provides insurances and financial guarantees against commercial and political risks. Annex 1 to this report lists and explains the various types of support. The paper will discuss the financial terms, legal terms and conditions in place when FINEXPO and Ducroire/Nationale Delcrederedienst provide support for Belgian exports.*

*The paper also looks into what extent FINEXPO's and Ducroire/Nationale Delcrederedienst's practices match the financial terms, legal terms and conditions which are set out in the EURODAD Charter on Responsible Financing. The principles in the Charter outline the essential components of a reasonable loan. Given that only FINEXPO provides loans, the principles in the Charter are only directly applicable to the provision of loans by FINEXPO. Despite this fact, the principles are still useful in determining whether the financial and insurance practices of all support measures by FINEXPO and those by Ducroire/Nationale Delcrederedienst are responsible support measures or not. EURODAD's principles represent a general framework for a tough but fair policy.*

### **Mapping Conflict Motives: Central African Republic.**

(20/02/2009 – IPIS)

[www.ipisresearch.be/mapping\\_car.php](http://www.ipisresearch.be/mapping_car.php)

*IPIS has published 'Mapping Conflict Motives: Central African Republic'. It is the third study in the IPIS mapping series and it deals with the presence, behaviour and motivation of the armed groups that operated in the Central African Republic in 2008. Also the French version of the report is now online.*

### **Rechercher la problématique des ressources naturelles dans la RDC.**

(12/02/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/natural-resources.php>

*This syllabus has been created by IPIS for its project 'Renforcement de capacité d'ONG congolaises qui travaillent autour les ressources naturelles : méthodologies de recherche et rédaction de dossiers de haute qualité servant de base aux activités de campagne et de lobbying'. The project aims to reinforce the capacity of Congolese NGOs to produce reports and articles of high quality.*

### **Mapping Conflict Motives: Katanga Update: May- September 2008.**

(6/01/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/updates-katanga.php>

*This report is the third (and for the moment the last) in a series of updates following an initial report on conflict motives in the Congolese province of Katanga. It analyses the most important security developments from May 2008 until September 2008.*

*IPIS would like to highlight the following issues dealt with in the report:*

*Security problems in Katanga have stopped figuring in the news. To a certain extent this is justified because the overall humanitarian situation in Katanga has improved and in general the number of human rights violations has decreased.*

*However, with MONUC gradually retreating from the province the international presence diminishes and with it the number of eyes and ears of observers in the field. Nonetheless, for the future several security hazards remain.*

*For one, the impact of the economic crisis on Katanga is enormous. Virtually all mining companies have significantly reduced or stopped their activities. The social consequences are dire for a province that economically relies heavily on mining. Secondly, in August a law was promulgated providing for the creation of 25 Congolese provinces instead of the 10 current ones. In this scenario Katanga will be cut into 4 new provinces. Feelings about the issue are mixed. The possible impact is difficult to estimate. Finally, the human rights situation in the North of the province remains disquieting, with persistent violations committed by state agents.*

*The information for the updates is drawn from desktop research by IPIS and permanent field research carried out by four Katangese partner organisations based in different parts of Katanga.*

## **IPIS LATEST ARTICLES**

### **Stabilisation et secteur minier dans l'Est de la RDC.**

(August 2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/natural-resources.php>

*In the beginning of July the Congolese government established a plan for the stabilisation of eastern DRC. The media remained silent concerning this initiative and the plan has not been made public. IPIS, however, managed to obtain this Congolese stabilisation plan. The objective of this article is to look at the essential*

*points of the plan that could be useful as part of the Congolese and international efforts to dissolve the crisis in the eastern part of the country.*

## Sources

Sources	Newsletter	RSS Feed	scanning
ACP		RSS Feed	
Africa Confidential	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Africa Energy Intelligence		RSS Feed	
Africa Mining Intelligence		RSS Feed	
AfricaAction	Newsletter		
AfricaFiles	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
AfricaFocus	Newsletter		
African Development Bank	Newsletter		
afrik.com	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Afrique Souveraine	Newsletter		
AllAfrica		RSS Feed	
Antwerp Facets Magazine	Newsletter		
Arms Control Association	Newsletter		
Artsen Zonder Grenzen	Newsletter		
BASIC (British American Security Information Council))	Newsletter		
BBC News Africa World Edition		RSS Feed	
BICC (Bonn International Center for Conversion)	Newsletter		
BICUSA (Bank Information Center)	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Bruce Broomhall	Newsletter		
Business Daily Africa (Kenian)		RSS Feed	
CarterCenter		RSS Feed	
Center for Chinese Studies	Newsletter		
China Digital Times		RSS Feed	
Chinadaily.com	Newsletter		
CIROC (Center for Information and Research on Organized Crime)	Newsletter		
Clingendael		RSS Feed	
CNN Africa		RSS Feed	
Colette Braeckman		RSS Feed	
CommodityOnline		RSS Feed	
Conciliation Resources	Newsletter		
CongoForum	Newsletter		scanning
Council of the european union	Newsletter		
Daily Energy News		RSS Feed	
Daily Monitor (Uganda)		RSS Feed	
De Morgen		RSS Feed	
De Standaard		RSS Feed	
De Tijd	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Defense Industry Daily	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Defense News	Newsletter		
Denis Tougas	Newsletter		
DiamondWorld		RSS Feed	
digitalcongo.net	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
diplomatie.be		RSS Feed	

Diplomatie.gouv.fr		RSS Feed	
Economist		RSS Feed	
EIN News - China Mining		RSS Feed	
EITI (Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative)	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Energy Information Administration		RSS Feed	
Erik Kennes	Newsletter		
euforic (Europe's Forum on International Cooperation)		RSS Feed	
EurAc (European Network for Central Africa)	Newsletter		
EuropAfrica.org		RSS Feed	
European Investment Bank		RSS Feed	
Fatal Transactions		RSS Feed	
FIDH (International Federation Human Rights / Fédération internationale de Droits Humaines )	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Financial Times	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Flight International (flightglobal.com)		RSS Feed	
Forest Stewardship Council		RSS Feed	
GICHD (Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining)	Newsletter		
Global Witness	Newsletter		scanning
GRAMA (Groupe de recherche sur les activités minières en Afrique)	Newsletter		scanning
Great Lakes Center for Strategic Studies	Newsletter		
Guardian		RSS Feed	
Herald Tribune		RSS Feed	
Hirondelle			scanning
Human Rights Watch		RSS Feed	
IANSAs (International Action Network on Small Arms)	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
ICMM (International Council on Mining and Metals)	Newsletter		
IGAD (InterGovernmental Authority on Development)		RSS Feed	
Illegal Logging	Newsletter		
IMF (International Monetary Fund)	Newsletter		
infomine-africa.com	Newsletter		
Institute for war and peace reporting	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
International Alert	Newsletter		
International Business Times – Mining			scanning
International Crisisgroup	Newsletter		
International Energy Agency	Newsletter		
International Institute for Strategic Studies	Newsletter		
International Mining			scanning
IPIS (International Peace Information Service)			scanning
IPS - Belgium (Inter Press Service)			scanning
IPS – International		RSS Feed	
Irinnews	Newsletter		
ISS (Institute for Security Studies)	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Jane's Intelligence	Newsletter		
JeuneAfrique		RSS Feed	
La lettre du continent		RSS Feed	
Le Monde		RSS Feed	
Le Soir		RSS Feed	
Les Afriques	Newsletter		
Mail&Guardian		RSS Feed	
Marketwire		RSS Feed	scanning
mediacongo.net	Newsletter		
mineralinfo.org			scanning

Mineweb	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Mining weekly	Newsletter		
Miningmix		RSS Feed	
Miningwatch Canada		RSS Feed	
Miraya 101 FM		RSS Feed	
MO*	Newsletter		
Monde Diplomatieque	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Monuc		RSS Feed	
New Times, The – Rwanda		RSS Feed	
New Vision (Uganda)		RSS Feed	
Noord-Zuidportaal	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Obsac (Observatoire de l'Afrique Centrale)		RSS Feed	
OCIPE (Jesuit European Office)	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
OilVoice		RSS Feed	
OPEC		RSS Feed	
OSISA (Open Society Initiative for Southern Africa)		RSS Feed	
Overseas Development Institute		RSS Feed	
Oxfam	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
PAC (Partnership Africa Canada)	Newsletter		
Pambazuka	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Pan African Parliament	Newsletter		
Pax Christi International	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Radio Okapi	Newsletter		
ReliefWeb		RSS Feed	
Resource Investor		RSS Feed	
Reuters Africa		RSS Feed	
Saferworld	Newsletter		
SEESAC (South Eastern and Eastern Europe Clearinghouse for the Control of Small Arms and Light Weapons )	Newsletter		
Sipri (Stockholm International Peace Research Institute)	Newsletter		
small arms survey			scanning
SpaceWar & TerraDaily	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Steelguru	Newsletter		
Survie	Newsletter		
Syfia Grands Lacs	Newsletter		
Trends – Knack		RSS Feed	
Tresa (Training and Education on Small Arms)	Newsletter		
Uitpers	Newsletter		
UN News Centre	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
UNECA (... Economic Commission for Africa)	Newsletter		
UNHCR (... High Commissioner for refugees)		RSS Feed	
UNIDIR (... Institute for Disarmament Research)	Newsletter		
UNIDO (... Industrial Development Organization)		RSS Feed	
UNMIL (... Mission in Liberia)		RSS Feed	
USAID	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
USGS (U.S. Geological Survey)	Newsletter		
Vlaams Vredesinstituut	Newsletter		
VOA News		RSS Feed	
Warefare.ru	Newsletter		
Washington Post		RSS Feed	
World Bank	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
World Rainforest Movement	Newsletter		
WWF – Forest		RSS Feed	

**Magazines\***

Adelphi papers  
Africa Confidential  
Africa Energy Intelligence  
Africa Mining Intelligence  
Arms control today  
Aviation week  
Billet's d'Afrique  
Defense News  
Disarmament diplomacy  
Flight International  
International humanitair recht in de kijker (Zoeklicht)  
Jane's defence weekly  
Jane's international defence review  
Jeune Afrique  
Keesings historisch archief  
La lettre du Continent  
Netherland quarterly on human rights  
New African  
NJCM bulletin  
Strategic survey  
Terrorism and political violence  
The arms control reporter  
The bulletin of the atomic scientists  
The military balance  
Veiligheid en strategie  
Vrede en veiligheid

\*Can be found at IPIS library

**Keywords used in Google:**

burundi mining  
Congo mining  
DRC mining  
Rwanda mining  
Uganda mining

exploitation Ouganda  
exploitation Rwanda  
exploitation Burundi  
exploitation RDC  
mine RDC  
mine Ouganda

forest DRC  
logging DRC  
logging Uganda  
logging Rwanda  
logging Burundi  
DRC timber  
Rwanda timber

Uganda timber  
Burundi timber  
Congo timber

exploitation forestière RDC  
exploitation forestière Rwanda  
exploitation forestière Ouganda  
exploitation forestière Burundi