



Briefing 18 – 24 August 2010

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IPIS

NEW ACQUISITIONS OF THE IPIS LIBRARY.

SIPRI (2010), *Sipri Yearbook 2010*, Oxford University Press: Oxford, 580 p.

Alain Deneault (2008), *Noir Canada*, Ecosociété: Montréal, 348 p.

Natural resources in the Great Lakes Region

Gestion du Lac Tanganyika: les experts de quatre pays riverains se concertent à Kinshasa.

(23/08/2010 – Radio Okapi)

<http://radiookapi.net/actualite/2010/08/23/gestion-du-lac-tanganyika-les-experts-de-quatre-pays-riverains-se-concertent-a-kinshasa/>

Experts from Zambia, Tanzania, Burundi and the DRC gathered in Kinshasa to talk about the joint management of Lake Tanganyika.

DRC

Congo's conflict minerals - Clean them up.

(19/08/2010 – The Economist)

http://www.economist.com/node/16846816?story_id=16846816&fsrc=rss

American lawmakers want to break the link between laptops and the eastern Congolese war. New legislation passed by America's Congress is intended to curb the black market and boost the legal one. Companies that report to the American Securities and Exchange Commission now have to reveal whether they buy minerals from Congo or from any of its nine neighbours and, if so, from where. New regulations likely to be proposed by the State Department next year may follow guidelines being drafted by the UN and the OECD, a rich-country club, that will advise companies on how best to trace the origin of their materials.

Le Ceec déterminé à éradiquer la fraude dans le secteur minier congolais!

(23/08/2010 – Digitalcongo.net)

<http://www.digitalcongo.net/article/69471>

Article on the state service CEEC's objective to fight fraud in the Congolese mineral sector.

La RDC projette une production record du cuivre fin 2010.

(24/08/2010 – Uhuru – Digitalcongo.net)

<http://www.digitalcongo.net/article/69533>

A document of the Ministry of Mines projects the DRC's copper production to attain 450.000 tonnes by the end of 2010, an amount the country has not realised since the 1980s.

Congo's wealthy copperlands a world apart.

(23/08/2010 – Reuters)

<http://www.reuters.com/article/idUSLDE67K08B20100823>

While Congo is more often associated with rebel killings, labelled by the UN as the world's rape capital, filled with red tape and river journeys into the depths of jungled gloom, Congo's copperbelt, in the southern Katanga province, seems a world apart. Buoyed by mining income for more than a century, Katanga's provincial capital Lubumbashi shows little sign that nearly 80 percent of Congo's 67 million people live on less than \$2 a day.

Désoxydation du diamant - Ngoy Kasanji appui les diamantaires.

(19/08/2010 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008190067.html>

Governor Ngoyi Kasanji is supporting the diamond traders of East Kasai in their request to the Congolese minister of mines to withdraw his measure to oblige deoxidation of diamonds before export.

Mines et pétrole - La société civile à l'heure de la transparence.

(18/08/2010 – Le Phare – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008180586.html>

On a meeting in Kinshasa civil society organisations working on natural resources demanded the government to adhere to the Extractive Industry Transparency Initiative.

Grands Lacs - Proposition d'un code de conduite pour l'exploitation des minerais.

(19/08/2010 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008190107.html>

Experts of the International Conference on the Great Lakes Region proposed to create a code of conduct for companies working in the natural resources sector.

UGANDA

Uganda eyes income tax law changes to include oil.

(18/08/2010 – Reuters)

http://af.reuters.com/article/topNews/idAFJ0E67H06P20100818?feedType=RSS&feedName=topNews&utm_source=feedburner&utm_medium=feed&utm_campaign=Feed%3A+reuters%2FAFRICATopNews+%28News+%2F+AFRICA+%2F+Top+News%29&utm_content=Bloglines

New Oil Taxes Introduced.

(18/08/2010 – The Monitor – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008180143.html>

Uganda wants to introduce tough new income tax rules so that oil companies pay tax on revenues once production starts and from the sale of oil block stakes, a senior government official said on Wednesday. East Africa's third largest economy is poised to become a top-50 oil producer with Tullow Oil expected to begin commercial production in the final quarter of next year. It aims to produce 200,000 barrels per day by 2015.

Oil - Museveni Takes Over.

(19/08/2010 – The Monitor – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008190041.html>

President Museveni has ordered Energy Minister Hilary Onok to stop endorsing deals between oil and gas mining companies on behalf of the government. In a July 19 directive, Mr Museveni cites excitement for "easy money and quick profits" through hurried approvals by government officials which might lead to "mistakes," as his concern.

Heritage Must Pay - President Museveni.

(23/08/2010 – New Vision – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008240075.html>

Heritage, a London-based oil firm which is embroiled in a tax dispute with the Uganda Revenue Authority (URA), will have to pay the money in full, President Yoweri Museveni has said.

Will Ugandans benefit from country's new oil find?

(19/08/2010 – CNN)

http://edition.cnn.com/2010/WORLD/africa/08/19/uganda.oil.reserves/index.html?eref=edition_africa&utm_source=feedburner&utm_medium=feed&utm_campaign=Feed%3A+rss%2Fedition_africa+%28RSS%3A+Africa%29&utm_content=Bloglines#fbid=IGQvg-nsvy9&wom=false

The recent oil discovery in Uganda could signal an influx of unprecedented wealth for a country where more than a third of the population lives below the poverty line.

Civil Society Warns Govt on Oil Deals.

(23/08/2010 – The Monitor – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008230413.html>

Civil Society Organisations have formed a pressure group to demand for the publication of the oil exploration agreement that government signed with Tullow Plc and Heritage Oil.

International mining companies in the Great Lakes Region

DRC

Surchauffe dans les mines - Tensions à TFM, nomination d'un liquidateur dans KMT.

(19/08/2010 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008190111.html>

Article on the problems the international miners in Katanga TFM and KMT are subjected to. While the first is plagued by a dispute with artisanal minerals, the second is being dismissed by the Congolese government.

Illegal diggers block exports at Freeport Congo mine.

(18/08/2010 – Reuters)

<http://www.reuters.com/article/idUSLDE67H1O720100818>

Hundreds of illegal miners have rioted and blocked export traffic at Freeport-McMoRan's Tenke Fungurume copper and cobalt mine in southern Democratic Republic of Congo, halting hundreds of trucks from mines further north, the company and local sources said on Wednesday.

Moïse Katumbi ramène la paix à Tenke Fungurume.

(21/08/2010 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008210009.html>

Katanga : le calme revient à Tenke Fungurume.

(21/08/2010 – Le Potentiel – Digitalcongo.net)

<http://www.digitalcongo.net/article/69468>

The tensed situation between artisanal miners and Tenge Fungurume Mining has calmed down following Katanga governor Katumbi's mediation efforts.

First Quantum Minerals Provides Update on Legal Proceedings in the Democratic Republic of Congo.

(21/08/2010 – Marketwire)

<http://www.marketwire.com/press-release/First-Quantum-Minerals-Provides-Update-on-Legal-Proceedings-Democratic-Republic-Congo-TSX-FM-1307883.htm>

First Quantum Minerals Ltd. announced that the tribunal that has been constituted by the International Chamber of Commerce in Paris to hear the arbitration relating to the Kolwezi tailings project involving First Quantum, the IFC and the IDC as Claimants and the DRC and Gecamines as Defendants, has issued two procedural orders. Furthermore First Quantum, through its DRC subsidiary Frontier SPRL, has also received a letter dated August 5, 2010 from CAMI which purports to withdraw the exploitation permit from the Frontier mine in the RDC. First Quantum believes that any purported withdrawal of the Frontier permit is contrary to the Mining Code and RDC law, and was initiated against First Quantum in connection with the commencement of arbitration relating to the Kolwezi Project.

Contentieux minier des rejets de Kolwezi - Les premières décisions de la Cour arbitrale de Paris.

(23/08/2010 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008230261.html>

The International Chamber of Commerce in Paris demands the DRC to put on hold all transactions on the KMT project. In the meantime, the Worldbank has decided to suspend financial support for the PROMINES project in the DRC.

Congo copper battle goes into overdrive.

(23/08/2010 – Mineweb)

<http://www.mineweb.com/mineweb/view/mineweb/en/page72068?oid=110154&sn=Detail&pid=92730>

First Quantum announced that an international arbitration panel issued two procedural orders last week. One prohibits the DRC government and/or Gécamines, from transfer, or allowing the transfer, of the Kolwezi tailings exploitation permit covering the Kolwezi Project, known as KMT, situated in the southern Katanga Province of the country. The next day London-listed ENRC announced the USD 175m acquisition of control of a batch of copper-cobalt assets in the DRC, including 70% of KMT. ENRC said it had acquired 50.5% control of Camrose, from the Gertler Family Trust. Camrose acquired its stake in the Highwind Group, which apparently holds 70% of KMT, in January 2010, for an undisclosed amount; on available evidence, for very little at all. Reacting on Friday to ENRC's announced deal with Camrose, DRC mines minister Martin Kabwelulu alleged that KMT in First Quantum's hands "was unsuccessful.

First Quantum says ENRC Congo deal violates ruling.

(23/08/2010 – Mining Weekly)

<http://www.miningweekly.com/article/first-quantum-says-enrc-congo-deal-violates-ruling-2010-08-23>

Canada's First Quantum said on Saturday that Kazakh mining group ENRC's acquisition of mining rights in Congo violated a tribunal order freezing the sale of a contested mining project.

Congo copper-cobalt deal in the light.

(20/08/2010 – Mineweb)

<http://www.mineweb.com/mineweb/view/mineweb/en/page72068?oid=110085&sn=Detail>

Spéculation sur les mines de Kolwezi - le Kazakh ENRC prend le contrôle de Metalkol.

(24/08/2010 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008240136.html>

Why Congo Siasa Will Not Be Sued.

(20/08/2010 – Congo Siasa)

<http://congosiassa.blogspot.com/2010/08/why-congo-siasa-will-not-be-sued.html>

ENRC buys majority of Kolwezi and Congo assets.

(20/08/2010 – Reuters)

<http://uk.reuters.com/article/idUKTRE67J32C20100820>

London-based Kazakh miner, ENRC, buys control of controversial DRC assets for USD 175m effectively giving it control of former FQM and Africo properties.

Of Foxes, Capricorns and Money.

(19/08/2010 – Congo Siasa)

<http://congosiassa.blogspot.com/2010/08/of-foxes-capricorns-and-money.html>

A few months ago, Kabila's government took away several lucrative concessions from multinational corporations First Quantum and Tullow Oil. It then granted these same concessions to three new, unknown companies incorporated in the British Virgin Islands: Foxwhelp, Caprikat and Highwind Properties, respectively. Some foreign diplomats in Kinshasa speculate that Kabila might be using these new businesses to raise much-needed funds ahead of next year's elections.

D R Congo: Italian energy company to take share in oil block.

(18/08/2010 – romandie.com – AfricaFiles)

<http://www.africafiles.org/article.asp?ID=24197>

Exploration pétrolière: l'italien ENI s'installe enfin au pays.

(20/08/2010 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008200254.html>

ENI is the first Italian energy company to gain access to the DRC's oil sector and is expected to secure 55% of the Ndunda oil block in western Congo. Oil exploration is to begin as soon as September 2010.

China in the Great Lakes Region

China to Send Delegation on Oil.

(19/08/2010 – The Monitor – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008190506.html>

China is sending a high-level delegation to Uganda next month to explore possibilities of building the much-needed oil refinery in the country. Uganda's ambassador to China Charles Wagidoso told Ugandans in China this week that the delegation from SINOPEC, China Petroleum & Chemical Corporation (Sinopec Group), a petroleum and petrochemical group incorporated by the State in 1998, will be travelling to Uganda on an oil mission.

Chinese-Rwandan military ties deepen.

(18/08/2010 – TerraDaily)

http://www.terradaily.com/reports/Chinese-Rwandan_military_ties_deepen_999.html

Kabarebe, Chinese Envoy Discuss Military Cooperation.

(18/08/2010 – The new Times – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008180285.html>

China's economic advance in Africa is drawing increased Western attention. Now Beijing is readying to increase its military presence in Africa as well. Rwanda's minister of defense, Gen. James Kabarebe, met Tuesday with China's ambassador to Rwanda, Sun Shuzhong, the New Times reported on Wednesday. According to Sun, he discussed military cooperation with Kabarebe, telling journalists that the forces of Rwanda and China are intent on improving existing levels of cooperation in training and logistics.

Mines - le Canada en leader en attendant les chinois.

(24/08/2010 – Walfadjri – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008240545.html>

In less than twenty years, Canada has become a leader in mining investments in Africa. Its position is however threatened by China.

Pretoria defends China's Africa policy.

(24/08/2010 – Financial Times)

<http://www.ft.com/cms/s/0/302f88ca-af8a-11df-a172-00144feabdc0.html>

South Africa's trade minister on Tuesday embraced China's surging investment in Africa, saying that Beijing was not pursuing a neocolonial policy and its growing interest in the continent would bring huge benefits. The trade minister is part of a delegation led by South African President Jacob Zuma that includes almost 400 business executives and 11 cabinet members, the biggest group yet to accompany a South African leader abroad. Rob Davies said China's rapidly expanding African presence "can only be a good thing" because it meant increased competition between developed and developing countries in their pursuit of resources and influence in Africa.

Arms trade / Security in the Great Lakes Region

Bout 'smuggled weapons to Africa' says ex-UN man.

(20/08/2010 – BBC)

<http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/world-africa-11041199>

Suspected Russian arms dealer Bout to be extradited to U.S., Thai court rules.

(21/08/2010 – The Washington Post)

http://www.washingtonpost.com/wp-dyn/content/article/2010/08/20/AR2010082000452.html?wprss=rss_world/africa

More details are emerging about the activities of Victor Bout, an alleged arms dealer once described by a British minister as the "Merchant of Death". Mr Bout is being extradited from Thailand to the United States, where he faces arms dealing charges relating to Colombia. But a former United Nations investigator on sanctions-busting has told the BBC that Mr Bout was also involved in illegal weapons smuggling in several African states.

DRC

UN deplures deadly attack against blue helmets in DR Congo.

(18/08/2010 – UN News centre)

<http://www.un.org/apps/news/story.asp?NewsID=35652&Cr=democratic&Cr1=congo> (English)

<http://www.un.org/apps/newsFr/storyF.asp?NewsID=22733&Cr=Congo&Cr1=> (French)

Nord Kivu: Trois Casques bleus indiens tués lors d'une attaque à Kirumba.

(18/08/2010 – MONUSCO)

<http://monuc.unmissions.org/Default.aspx?tabid=1069&ctl=Details&mid=1143&ItemID=10063>

RDC : cérémonie à Goma en hommage aux trois casques bleus tués à Kirumba.

(19/08/2010 – UN News Centre)

<http://www.un.org/apps/newsFr/storyF.asp?NewsID=22747&Cr=RDC&Cr1=>

(19/08/2010 – MONUSCO)

<http://monuc.unmissions.org/Default.aspx?tabid=1069&ctl=Details&mid=1143&ItemID=10095>

3 U.N. peacekeepers killed in Congo.

(18/08/2010 – CNN)

http://edition.cnn.com/2010/WORLD/africa/08/18/congo.deaths/index.html?eref=edition_africa&utm_source=feedburner&utm_medium=feed&utm_campaign=Feed%3A+rss%2Fedition_africa+%28RSS%3A+Africa%29&utm_content=Bloglines#fbid=IGQvg-nsvy9&wom=false

Trois Casques bleus indiens tués à Kirumba.

(19/08/2010 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008190076.html>

Nord-Kivu - Horreur à Kirumba - Trois casques bleus assassinés.

(19/08/2010 – Le Phare – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008200166.html>

Trois Onusiens tués au Nord-Kivu - le gouvernement promet des sanctions sévères.

(20/08/2010 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008200202.html>

Nord-Kivu: 3 casques bleus tués dans une attaque d'hommes armés à Kirumba.

(18/08/2010 – Radio Okapi)

<http://radiookapi.net/actualite/2010/08/18/nord-kivu-3-casques-bleus-tues-dans-une-attaque-d%E2%80%99hommes-armes-a-kirumba/>

The UN has condemned the overnight ambush of a UN peacekeeping base in the troubled far east of the DRC which has claimed the lives of three Indian blue helmets. The operating base of the MONUSCO in Kirumba, in the volatile North Kivu province, was attacked shortly before 2 a.m. local time by up to 60 unidentified men armed with machetes and spears.

Indian peacekeepers killed in DR Congo.

(18/08/2010 – BBC)

<http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/world-africa-11010206>

Three Indian UN peacekeepers killed in Congo attack.

(18/08/2010 – Reuters)

http://af.reuters.com/article/topNews/idAFJOE67H0CB20100818?feedType=RSS&feedName=topNews&utm_source=feedburner&utm_medium=feed&utm_campaign=Feed%3A+reuters%2FAFRICATopNews+%28News+%2F+AFRICA+%2F+Top+News%29&utm_content=Bloglines

Trois soldats de la Monusco tués.

(18/08/2010 – Radio France Internationale - allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008190078.html>

Meurtre de 3 casques bleus à Kirumba: deux suspects aux arrêts.

(20/08/2010 – Radio Okapi)

<http://radiookapi.net/actualite/2010/08/20/meurtre-de-3-casques-bleus-a-kirumba-deux-suspects-aux-arrets/>

Rebels in eastern DRC killed three Indian peacekeepers in an apparent ambush. Dozens of machete-wielding men dressed in raffia palms attacked as soldiers opened a fortified base to help a group of civilians, the Indian army said. General Vainqueur Mayala, North Kivu commander for the Congo army, said he suspected remnants of the Mai Mai Pareco militia integrated into the military may be responsible, as opposed to fighters from the more prominent FDLR or ADF rebel groups.

Congolese army says two arrested over Indian UN slayings.

(19/08/2010 – TerraDaily)

http://www.terradaily.com/reports/Congolese_army_says_two_arrested_over_Indian_UN_slayings_999.html

Two Arrested Over UN Slayings, Army Says.

(19/08/2010 – Radio France Internationale)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008200005.html>

Congolese soldiers have arrested two suspects in the killing of three Indian UN peacekeepers in eastern DRC, a military spokesman announced Thursday. Major Vianney Kazarama said the two men had been arrested earlier Thursday, a day after the attack by dozens of militia members on the Indian contingent's base. He said the suspects belonged to the tribal Mai-Mai Pareco militia.

Troublant message des Groupes armés.

(19/08/2010 – Le Phare – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008200168.html>

Article stating the UN and the Congolese government should seriously reflect on the recent events in Kirumba and their future steps in the Kivu provinces.

Bunia - Des affrontements entre FARDC et miliciens signalés à Mukatongazi.

(20/08/2010 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008200211.html>

Bunia: FARDC et miliciens du FPJC s'affrontent à Mukatongazi.

(18/08/2010 – Radio Okapi)

<http://radiookapi.net/actualite/2010/08/18/bunia-fardc-et-miliciens-du-fpjc-s%E2%80%99affrontent-a-mukatongazi/>

Heavy fighting occurred recently between FARDC and FPJC rebels near Bunia, Ituri district.

Ituri: opération «Safisha», 98 miliciens du FPJC et 2 soldats des FARDC tués.

(20/08/2010 – Radio Okapi)

<http://radiookapi.net/actualite/2010/08/20/ituri-operation-%C2%ABsafisha%C2%BB-98-miliciens-du-fpjc-et-2-soldats-des-fardc-tues/>

FARDC colonel Fall Sikabw revealed the balance of the «Safisha» military operation against the FPJC rebellion.

Les raisons de la résurgence des groupes armés au Nord-Kivu.

(24/08/2010 – Radio Okapi)

<http://radiookapi.net/actualite/2010/08/24/les-raisons-de-la-resurgence-des-groupes-armes-au-nord-kivu/>

Article analysing the reasons for the resurgence of armed groups in North Kivu.

L'extradition du chef des insurgés Enyele : une procédure ni diplomatique ni politique.

(24/08/2010 – Le Palmarès – Digitalcongo.net)

<http://www.digitalcongo.net/article/69530>

According to Congolese minister of communication Lambert Mende, the extradition of the Enyele rebellion leader Ondjani from Congo-Brazzaville to the DRC is a judicial procedure, not political or diplomatic.

Coopération militaire congolo-américaine - Environ 1.400 officiers FARDC formés par l'AFRICOM.

(19/08/2010 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008190106.html>

After four years in the DRC, AFRICOM has trained 1.440 FARDC officers.

Professeur Biyoya - " La RDC devrait considérer l'offre américaine d'Africom avec beaucoup de réserve et de prudence.

(23/08/2010 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008230426.html>

Extensive interview with professor Biyoya on AFRICOM's advances to the DRC.

Kinshasa: un colonel américain à la retraite plaide pour la vulgarisation des actions positives des FARDC.

(19/08/2010 – Radio Okapi)

<http://radiookapi.net/actualite/2010/08/19/kinshasa-un-colonel-americain-a-la-retraite-plaide-pour-la-vulgarisation-des-actions-positives-des-fardc/>

The American colonel Olin Sauders stated on a press conference Kinshasa should work on the vulgarisation of the FARDC's positive actions.

RD Congo: l'agence japonaise de coopération finance la formation de 1 500 policiers.

(21/08/2010 – Radio Okapi)

<http://radiookapi.net/actualite/2010/08/21/rd-congo-l%E2%80%99agence-japonaise-de-cooperation-finance-la-formation-de-1-500-policiers/>

The Japanese international cooperation agency and UNDP have agreed on a partnership to jointly train 1.500 Congolese policemen.

Démarrage de la campagne de marquage des armes légères et petit calibre en RDC.

(23/08/2010 – ACP – ACP – Digitalcongo.net)

<http://www.digitalcongo.net/article/69498>

Plus de 105.000 armes légères détruites.

(24/08/2010 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008240128.html>

105.000 small arms and more than 500 tons of munitions have been destructed in the DRC. Minister of Foreign Affairs Alexis Themwbe Mwamba disclosed the figures on a ceremony.

Bunia: coup d'envoi du projet de désarmement communautaire.

(24/08/2010 – Radio Okapi)

<http://radiookapi.net/actualite/2010/08/24/bunia-coup-d%E2%80%99envoi-du-projet-de-desarmement-communautaire/>

A UNDP financed community disarmament project has been launched in Ituri.

Defense Lawyers Say Halting Lubanga's ICC Trial Was Inevitable.

(18/08/2010 – Lubanga Trial Website – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008180925.html>

War crimes accused Thomas Lubanga's lawyers have asked the appeals chamber of the ICC to reject an appeal against the stay of proceedings, stating that the prosecutor had refused to obey orders issued by trial judges. "The suspension of proceedings ordered by the chamber, far from being unjustified or excessive, appears to be the logical and inevitable consequence of the unacceptable behavior of the prosecutor in this case," lead defense attorney Catherine Mabilie said in an August 9 filing.

FDLR

Sud-Kivu - Affrontements entre FARDC et FDLR à Kalehe.

(18/08/2010 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008180414.html>

Armed confrontation occurred between FARDC and FDLR rebels in the highlands of Kalehe territory, north of Bukavu, on Sunday 15 August.

Nord-Kivu - Des hommes armés attaquent Butua.

(23/08/2010 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008230255.html>

Walikale au Nord-Kivu investi par une coalition Fdlr-Maï Maï.

(23/08/2010 – Le Palmarès – Digitalcongo.net)

<http://www.digitalcongo.net/article/69503>

Walikale: attaque d'une coalition FDLR Mai-Mai à Butua.

(22/08/2010 – Radio Okapi)

<http://radiookapi.net/actualite/2010/08/22/walikale-attaque-d%E2%80%99une-coalition-fdlr-mai-mai-a-butua/>

An FDLR-Maï Maï coalition attacked Butua locality, 12 kilometres from Walikale centre.

Walikale: attaques des FDLR et Maï Maï à Mubi et à Seya, 3 morts et des pillages.

(18/08/2010 – Radio Okapi)

<http://radiookapi.net/actualite/2010/08/18/walikale-attaques-d%E2%80%99hommes-armes-a-mubi-et-a-seya-trois-morts-et-des-pillages/>

Three civilians got killed during FDLR-Maï Maï Cheka assaults on Seya village and the mining site of Mubi in Walikale territory.

Walikale: les FDLR frappent à Budere.

(18/08/2010 – Radio Okapi)

<http://radiookapi.net/actualite/2010/08/18/walikale-les-fdlr-frappent-a-budere/>

Another FDLR attack has been reported in Budere village.

Sud-Kivu: 3 850 ménages de déplacés se réfugient à Shabunda centre.

(21/08/2010 – Radio Okapi)

<http://radiookapi.net/actualite/2010/08/21/sud-kivu-3-850-menages-de-deplaces-se-refugient-a-shabunda-centre/>

3.850 households fled to Shabunda centre, because of FDLR assaults in the northern part of the territory.

UN confirms reported gang rape of women by rebels in DRC Congo.

(23/08/2010 – UN News Centre)

<http://www.un.org/apps/news/story.asp?NewsID=35692&Cr=democratic&Cr1=congo> (English)

<http://www.un.org/apps/newsFr/storyF.asp?NewsID=22771&Cr=rdc&Cr1=> (French)

Walikale: droits humains, 150 femmes violées.

(20/08/2010 – Radio Okapi)

<http://radiookapi.net/actualite/2010/08/20/walikale-droits-humains-150-femmes-violees/>

Rebels gang-rape almost 200 women in Congo attack.

(23/08/2010 – Reuters)

http://af.reuters.com/article/topNews/idAFJOE67M0G920100823?feedType=RSS&feedName=topNews&utm_source=feedburner&utm_medium=feed&utm_campaign=Feed%3A+reuters%2FAFRICATopNews+%28News+%2F+AFRICA+%2F+Top+News%29&utm_content=Bloglines

Terreur au Kivu: plus de 200 femmes systématiquement violées.

(24/08/2010 – Colette Braeckman)

<http://blogs.lesoir.be/colette-braeckman/2010/08/24/terreur-au-kivu-plus-de-200-femmes-systematiquement-violees/>

Mass rape in Walikale: What happened?

(24/08/2010 – Congo Siasa)

<http://congosiassa.blogspot.com/2010/08/mass-rape-in-walikale-what-happened.html>

UN investigates claims of mass rape by DR Congo rebels.

(24/08/2010 – CNN)

<http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/world-africa-11079135>

UN voices outrage at mass rape by rebels in eastern DR Congo.

(24/08/2010 – UN News Centre)

<http://www.un.org/apps/news/story.asp?NewsID=35706&Cr=democratic&Cr1=congo> (English)

<http://www.un.org/apps/newsFr/storyF.asp?NewsID=22780&Cr=Congo&Cr1=> (French)

UN's Ban sends top aide to Congo after mass rape.

(25/08/2010 – Reuters)

http://af.reuters.com/article/topNews/idAFJOE67O00P20100825?feedType=RSS&feedName=topNews&utm_source=feedburner&utm_medium=feed&utm_campaign=Feed%3A+reuters%2FAFRICATopNews+%28News+%2F+AFRICA+%2F+Top+News%29&utm_content=Bloglines

A UN human rights team has confirmed that members of two armed groups in the volatile east of the DRC raped more than 150 women during an attack on the village of Bunangiri, which situated in the Banamukira area of North Kivu. Perpetrators of the attack are said to be insurgents loyal to the FDLR, and their accomplices believed to be members of a local militia known as the Mai-Mai Cheka.

Former FDLR Rebels Repatriated.

(20/08/2010 – The New Times – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008200011.html>

Former Fdlr Rebels Return to Kigali.

(20/08/2010 – Radio France Internationale)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008201255.html>

Le Parc expédie 58 ex-combattants Fdlr et leurs dépendants au Rwanda.

(20/08/2010 – ACP – Digitalcongo.net)

<http://www.digitalcongo.net/article/69455>

Lubumbashi: rapatriement des 58 ex FDLR au Rwanda.

(19/08/2010 – Radio Okapi)

<http://radiookapi.net/actualite/2010/08/19/lubumbashi-rapatriement-des-58-ex-fdlr-au-rwanda/>

Le Rwanda salue le rapatriement de 58 ex-combattants FDLR sur son sol.

(20/08/2010 – Radio Okapi)

<http://radiookapi.net/actualite/2010/08/20/le-rwanda-salue-le-rapatriement-de-58-ex-combattants-fdlr-sur-son-sol/>

FDLR - 58 ramenés chez Kagame!

(24/08/2010 – La Prospérité – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008240319.html>

Lubumbashi - 58 ex-combattants FDLR rapatriés au Rwanda.

(24/08/2010 – Le Potentiel – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008240130.html>

58 people, mainly former combatants of the FDLR militia and their family members, yesterday arrived in the country after they voluntarily decided to put down arms and return home.

LRA

Bangui demande l'aide de la France, de l'Ouganda et des Etats-Unis pour arrêter Kony.

(19/08/2010 – Radio France Internationale - allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008190079.html>

Bangui has asked Uganda, America and France to arrest Joseph Kony, the LRA rebellion leader.

SUDAN: Fear of LRA causes thousands to flee in Western Equatoria.

(23/08/2010 – IRIN)

<http://www.irinnews.org/report.aspx?ReportID=90259>

Armed attacks blamed on the Lord's Resistance Army (LRA) in Southern Sudan's Western Equatoria State have displaced thousands of civilians and undermined food security, say local and UN officials.

UGANDA

UPDF Admits Killing Karimojong.

(18/08/2010 – The Monitor)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008180224.html>

The UPDF yesterday admitted killing civilians during the ongoing disarmament exercise in Karamoja, but said the 10 individuals died in crossfire with warriors. Lt. Col. Felix Kulayigye, the army spokesperson, told this newspaper by telephone that they have also established through an internal inquiry that four victims of the April 24 skirmish in Lokitelangilam, Rengen Sub-county in Kotido District were children.

MP Tables List of Dead Karimojong.

(19/08/2010 – The Monitor – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008190042.html>

The dispute over alleged army atrocities in Karamoja should be investigated by Parliament, MP Francis Kiyonga has said in a petition to Speaker Edward Ssekandi.

'MP Kiyonga Telling Lies'.

(22/08/2010 – The Monitor – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008230920.html>

Interview with Brig. Patrick Kankiriho who is the UPDF Third Division commander and in charge of the disarmament programme in Karamoja. He criticizes MP Francis Kiyonga's accusations that the army's Special Forces Group killed a dozen Pokot warriors.

Probe Blood-Drenched Soils of Karamoja.

(22/08/2010 – The Monitor – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008230932.html>

Opinion article from a human rights advocate criticizing the government's bloody disarmament campaign in Karamoja.

Army Hands Over 600 Recovered Cattle.

(24/08/2010 – New Vision – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008250127.html>

A joint force of the UPDF and the Police has recovered 673 stolen cattle, donkeys and 20 guns from Karimojong rustlers. The Third Division commander, Brig. Patrick Kankiriho, on Sunday said 150 suspected culprits are being prosecuted over the theft. Those who were found with guns will be tried by the army court.

Army Strikes Harder at Kyenjojo Cattle Rustlers.

(19/08/2010 - New Vision – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008200631.html>

The UPDF 3rd division spokesperson, Capt. Henry Obbo, said 169 suspected warriors have been arrested in Kotido and Moroto districts. The army, he said, was committed to ending cattle rustling that had increased during the recent heavy rains and sucked in children.

Gun Trafficking Rampant in West Nile, Says Army.

(23/08/2010 – New Vision – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008240002.html>

The UPDF has decried the increasing rate of gun trafficking in West Nile. The 4th Division army spokesperson, Capt. Peter Mugisa, said they recently arrested civilians with two pistols, five army uniforms and assorted military hardware in Arua town. Addressing journalists on Thursday at the army barracks in Arua, Mugisa said most of the ammunition was bought from South Sudan and the Democratic Republic of Congo.

RWANDA

President Kagame Silences Critics Surrounding Re-Election.

(18/08/2010 – International Freedom of Expression Exchange Clearing House)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008190174.html>

Rwandan President Paul Kagame won another seven-year term in elections on 9 August, after already being in power for 15 years. He captured 93 percent of the vote by banning opposition parties and eliminating critical domestic news coverage, report Human Rights Watch, Reporters Without Borders (RSF), the Committee to Protect Journalists and other IFEX members. In the months leading up to election-day, the government systematically shut down news outlets and terrorised critical journalists into fleeing the country.

Rwanda : Arrestation d'un officier.

(22/08/2010 – BBC)

http://www.bbc.co.uk/french/news/story/2010/08/100822_rwanda_army_officer_220810.shtml

Nouvelle arrestation d'un officier à Kigali.

(23/08/2010 – Radio France Internationale)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008230487.html>

Lt. Col. Rugigana Arrested.

(22/08/2010 – The New Times – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008230961.html>

Govt Arrests Gen Nyamwasa's Brother.

(23/08/2010 – The Monitor – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008230401.html>

Rwandan lieutenant colonel Rugigana Ngabo has been arrested because of alleged implication in subversive activities. He is the brother of Faustin Kayumba Nyamwasa, the Rwandan General who fled to South Africa, but was shot there a few months ago.

Lt. Col Rugigana is Not Missing – RDF.

(24/08/2010 – The New Times – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008240285.html>

The Rwanda Defence Forces, yesterday, denied media allegations that the Commanding Officer of the Engineering Regiment, Lt. Col. Rugigana Ngabo, had disappeared, accusing the family of peddling false rumours. According to the army spokesperson, Lt. Col Jill Rutaremara, Rugigana was arrested on Friday and is currently under the custody of the Military Police in Kanombe.

Rwanda army says no rift after officer arrested.

(24/08/2010 – Reuters)

http://af.reuters.com/article/topNews/idAFJ0E67N0E620100824?feedType=RSS&feedName=topNews&utm_source=feedburner&utm_medium=feed&utm_campaign=Feed%3A+reuters%2FAFRICATopNews+%28News+%2F+AFRICA+%2F+Top+News%29&utm_content=Bloglines

"People are saying there is a crisis. There is no crisis in the Rwandan army. Ngabo was arrested because he was engaged in matters of insecurity. The RDF is a professional army which doesn't tolerate indiscipline," Lieutenant Colonel Jill Rutaremara told Reuters.

BURUNDI

Journalists Face Legal Action And Trumped-Up Charges.

(18/08/2010 – International Freedom of Expression Exchange Clearing House)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008190176.html>

A Burundian journalist critical of state security forces faces life in prison if convicted, after being arrested and charged with treason on 17 July, report Human Rights Watch, the Committee to Protect Journalists (CPJ) and Reporters Without Borders (RSF). A month later, another journalist was arrested, imprisoned and charged with defamation after writing an article about government corruption, says Journaliste en danger (JED).

Investigate Those Accused of Torturing Opposition Politicians.

(24/08/2010 – Amnesty International – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008240708.html>

Investigate Those Accused of Torturing Opposition Politicians.

(24/08/2010 – Catholic Information Service for Africa – allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008240911.html>

La pratique de la torture aurait-elle de nouveau cours?

(24/08/2010 – Radio France Internationale – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008240104.html>

Burundian authorities must investigate allegations that state security officials tortured 12 opposition politicians during the country's recent elections, Amnesty International said.

Other

DRC Opposition Chief Tshisekedi to Run for President.

(20/08/2010 – Radio France Internationale - allAfrica)

<http://allafrica.com/stories/201008200985.html>

Etienne Tshisekedi, candidat à la présidentielle de 2011.

(19/08/2010 – Radio France Internationale - allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008200106.html>

Etienne Tschisekedi, le sphinx de Limete peut-il renaître?

(19/08/2010 – L'Observateur – allAfrica)

<http://fr.allafrica.com/stories/201008200179.html>

Etienne Tshisekedi, the long-time leader of the main opposition party in the Democratic Republic of Congo, told RFI that the country is still a dictatorship, after announcing his decision to run for president in 2011. The 77-year-old opposition leader, who has recovered from a two-year illness that saw him withdraw from the political scene, said he would return to Kinshasa from Brussels at the end of the year to secure formal nomination by the Union for Social Progress (UDPS).

IPIS latest publications

IPIS LATEST REPORTS

Deadly Movements. Transportation Controls in the Arms Trade Treaty.

(July 2010 – Amnesty International, IPIS, Transarms)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/arms-trade.php>

Effective regulation of the global trade in conventional arms must include adequate provisions to control the physical movement of arms across international borders. The proposed Arms Trade Treaty (ATT) should be designed to prevent unauthorised or irresponsible international transfers of weapons, munitions and related equipment internationally: it must therefore require states to impose effective controls and reporting requirements on the transport and transporters of arms, including through Free Trade Zones. Without such requirements, the ATT will fail to address a significant gap in international arms transfer controls, and will deprive states of a key tool to prevent arms transfers where it can be foreseen the arms are likely to be used to violate human rights and destroy lives and livelihoods contrary to international law.

Les devoirs de la République centrafricaine dans le contexte des activités des entreprises.

(July 2010 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/ong-rca.php>

Les devoirs internationaux de la République centrafricaine relatifs à la conservation des milieux d'importance et des espèces sauvages.

(July 2007 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/ong-rca.php>

Une analyse de la législation environnementale et de la législation minière de la République Centrafricaine dans le contexte des activités des entreprises.

(June 2010 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/ong-rca.php>

Amélioration de la pratique de l'Etude d'Impact Environnemental.

(June 2010 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/ong-rca.php>

Four reports on IPIS' project concerning capacity building of NGOs in the Central African Republic working on the management of uranium. The reports analyse the CAR's mining and environmental legislation, and the country's obligations in the field of environmental management and the regulation of enterprises' activities.

Jaarverslag 2009.

(06/05/2010 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/natural-resources.php>

IPIS has published its activity report 2009. The activity report is a comprehensive report of IPIS' activities in 2009. Its assignments, publications and lectures are presented in this document. The English version follows later on.

Mapping Conflict Motives: Province Orientale (DRC)

(March 2010 – IPIS)

http://www.ipisresearch.be/mapping_orientale.php?&lang=en

Cartographie des motivations derrière les conflits: 'Province Orientale' (RDC).

(June 2010 – IPIS)

http://www.ipisresearch.be/mapping_orientale.php

It is the fourth study in the IPIS mapping series and deals with the presence, behaviour and motivation of the armed groups that have been active in the Orientale province of the Democratic Republic of the Congo in 2009.

With the publication of this fourth mapping report, IPIS links two areas it has studied and mapped in the past: the Kivu provinces of the Democratic Republic of the Congo and the Central African Republic. IPIS is trying to complete the jigsaw puzzle of a conflict-ridden region. The following report constitutes a new piece fitting into this puzzle. As the work advances, ever more linkages will appear and facilitate regional analysis.

From deceit to discovery: The strange flight of 4L-AWA (text and documents).

(December 2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/arms-trade.php>

On Saturday 12 December 2009 Thai authorities seized an aircraft at Bangkok's Don Mueang airport. The Ilyushin-76 had stopped on the 11th December for refuelling while en-route from Pyongyang to Tehran, and was carrying 35 tonnes of arms and ammunition. While the media rushed to make unproven claims about the plane and alleged former owners of the aircraft, little attention was paid to the web of companies, the flight plan, and final destination.

Activity Report 2008.

(9/11/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/natural-resources.php>

Jaarverslag 2008.

(13/10/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/news.php?id=252>

IPIS has published its activity report 2008. The activity report is a comprehensive report of IPIS' activities in 2008. Its assignments, publications and lectures are presented in this document.

Note accompagnatrice de la carte interactive des zones minières militarisées aux Kivus.

(13/10/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/mining-sites-kivus.php>

The French version of the accompanying note on the interactive map of militarised mining areas in the Kivus has been published. It is an explanatory guide to the research methodology used to produce the interactive map of militarised mining areas in the Kivus (MiMiKi) map, the Concessions map and the 'Comptoirs 2008' table that are available at the site.

Exceptions in dual-use export licenses.

(September 2009 – Steunpunt Buitenlands Beleid / IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/arms-trade.php>

This paper begins with a general explanation of the applicable export policies in the United States and provides in chapter two an overview of the restrictions and conditions in applying a License Exception. Chapter three focuses on the License Exceptions that are similar with the CGEAs in the EC's Proposal.

Africa's natural resources in a global context.

(12/08/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/natural-resources.php>

While, on the one hand, it is widely acknowledged that Africa has great natural resource potential, on the other hand, one cannot but regret that the complex interplay between political and economic factors at the national and international level appears to make it impossible to use a more substantial part of the revenues from the exploitation and trade of these resources for the promotion of the well-being of people at the grassroots level. This paper, which concentrates on non-renewable natural resources, aims to disentangle some of the processes that explain the paradox between Africa's natural wealth and its relatively limited level of economic development. It shows that the state of affairs in the resource sectors of most African countries is still to a large extent determined by external factors. Extractive industries in Africa tend to be export-oriented and contribute disappointingly little to local development.

Militarised Mining Areas in the Kivus.

(10/08/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/mining-sites-kivus.php>

IPIS has published an interactive map of militarised mining areas in the Kivus (MiMiKi). Together with the map comes an explanatory guide to the research methodology and the possible uses of the map, including some striking findings.

The MiMiKi map constitutes a first systematic attempt to clarify the issue of profit by armed groups from the extractive industry in the east of the DR Congo. The interactive map contains information on the location of mines, the presence of armed groups at mining pits and a number of other variables. Although most recent analyses written on the issue point out that the region's relative mineral wealth is not the primary cause of the armed conflict in the Kivus, its role in financing armed groups is indisputable. Because of this situation, Western companies buying ores originating from the Great Lakes region, have been targeted by international NGOs who are asking them to implement a thorough system of due diligence. In the light of the loudening call for a stricter regulation of the sector, the listing of mining sites in the Kivus is essential.

The MiMiKi map only shows a part of the mining sector, namely the extraction of the minerals. In order to find out whether Western companies are buying Congolese minerals from which armed groups might benefit, the whole trading chain needs to be established. Therefore, in addition to the MiMiKi map, IPIS has appended a specific table containing information on the activities of the official comptoirs (mineral traders) in 2008.

It has to be noted that the MiMiKi map is not yet complete and should be considered as a work in progress. To date, more than 200 active mining sites are located on the map, including the most important. There are a few remaining blind spots (areas on which IPIS has no first hand information) on the map.

Impact de l'exploitation pétrolière sur la santé des populations locales et de l'environnement à Moanda. Cas de la firme Perenco.

(July 2009 – RRN)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/ong-congolaises.php?&lang=en>

Report the Congolese NGO RRN made under direction of IPIS within the framework of IPIS' capacity building project.

The impact of the global financial crisis on mining in Katanga.

(14/07/2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/natural-resources.php>

This report examines the impact of the global financial crisis on the mining sector in Katanga, the southeast province of the Democratic Republic of the Congo. As far as the industrial mining sector is concerned, it is shown that the crisis exacerbated the uncertainty of mining companies that were waiting for the results of the review of the mining contracts and that were often in the middle of starting up or expanding their activities in Katanga. Nevertheless, IPIS remains convinced that the renegotiation of the mining contracts is of vital importance for the long-term development of the Congolese mining industry. As far as the artisanal mining sector is concerned, it is pointed out that, due to the sharp decline in mineral prices, large numbers of artisanal miners have left the mines. While some of them appear to have found a new source of income in agriculture, there are disturbing reports that others may have chosen to engage in criminal activities in order to stay afloat.

Given the importance of the mining sector as a source of revenue for the Democratic Republic of the Congo, the development of a sound policy for crisis management is of vital importance to protect the health of the Congolese Treasury and to keep intact the possibility of stepping up government efforts in terms of poverty reduction and infrastructure development once the global economy starts to recover. This report

shows that both the central government in Kinshasa and the provincial government in Lubumbashi have taken a number of measures to cope with the consequences of the global financial crisis.

Unfortunately, there are indications that the ongoing decentralisation process tends to complicate the cooperation between the two governments. Moreover, as a result of the exaggerated attention for the so-called 'rétrocession' issue in the Congolese press, there is a real risk that the anti-crisis measures of the Congolese authorities are not examined in a critical manner.

Zimbabwe - Arms and Corruption: fuelling human rights abuse.

(July 2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/arms-trade.php>

The following examples of irresponsible arms transfers involving Zimbabwe and other actors should be of great concern to the international community. The examples cited below are intended to illustrate further the need to ensure that the proposed international Arms Trade Treaty is as comprehensive as possible, and fully reflects the obligations of States to prevent arms transfers which pose a substantial risk of being used in serious violations of international human rights law. It is perhaps not a coincidence that these examples involve, amongst others, China and the U.S.A. – both of whose governments have been amongst the 'doubters' in the ongoing United Nations General Assembly deliberations on the ATT since 2006. Hopefully, as the new Obama Administration reviews the U.S. approach to the control of conventional arms, the U.S. position will become more constructive.

IPIS LATEST ARTICLES

Illicit brokering of SALW in Europe: lacunae in Eastern European arms control and verification regimes.

(September 2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/arms-trade.php>

The article argues that no arms control agreement which does not recognize the need to licence and control the activities of arms brokers can ever hope to be effective. Therefore the vital interest of the EU Code of Conduct for the purposes of this article is that it is extended to cover arms brokering activities by the EU Common Position on arms brokering of June 2003.

Stabilisation et secteur minier dans l'Est de la RDC.

(August 2009 – IPIS)

<http://www.ipisresearch.be/natural-resources.php>

In the beginning of July the Congolese government established a plan for the stabilisation of eastern DRC. The media remained silent concerning this initiative and the plan has not been made public. IPIS, however, managed to obtain this Congolese stabilisation plan. The objective of this article is to look at the essential points of the plan that could be useful as part of the Congolese and international efforts to dissolve the crisis in the eastern part of the country.

Sources

Sources	Newsletter	RSS Feed	scanning
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Africa Energy Intelligence		RSS Feed	
Africa Mining Intelligence		RSS Feed	
AfricaAction	Newsletter		
AfricaFiles	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
AfricaFocus	Newsletter		
African Development Bank	Newsletter		
afrik.com	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Afrique Souveraine	Newsletter		
AllAfrica		RSS Feed	
Antwerp Facets Magazine	Newsletter		
Arms Control Association	Newsletter		
Artsen Zonder Grenzen	Newsletter		
BASIC (British American Security Information Council))	Newsletter		
BBC News Africa World Edition		RSS Feed	
BICC (Bonn International Center for Conversion)	Newsletter		
BICUSA (Bank Information Center)	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Bruce Broomhall	Newsletter		
Business Daily Africa (Kenian)		RSS Feed	
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Center for Chinese Studies	Newsletter		
China Digital Times		RSS Feed	
Chinadaily.com	Newsletter		
CIROC (Center for Information and Research on Organized Crime)	Newsletter		
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CNN Africa		RSS Feed	
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CommodityOnline		RSS Feed	
Conciliation Resources	Newsletter		
CongoForum	Newsletter		scanning
Council of the european union	Newsletter		
Daily Energy News		RSS Feed	
Daily Monitor (Uganda)		RSS Feed	
De Morgen		RSS Feed	
De Standaard		RSS Feed	
De Tijd	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Defense Industry Daily	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Defense News	Newsletter		
Denis Tougas	Newsletter		
DiamondWorld		RSS Feed	
digitalcongo.net	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
diplomatie.be		RSS Feed	
Diplomatie.gouv.fr		RSS Feed	
Economist		RSS Feed	
EIN News - China Mining		RSS Feed	

EITI (Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative)	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Energy Information Administration		RSS Feed	
Erik Kennes	Newsletter		
euforic (Europe's Forum on International Cooperation)		RSS Feed	
EurAc (European Network for Central Africa)	Newsletter		
EuropAfrica.org		RSS Feed	
European Investment Bank		RSS Feed	
Fatal Transactions		RSS Feed	
FIDH (International Federation Human Rights / Fédération internationale de Droits Humaines)	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Financial Times	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Flight International (flightglobal.com)		RSS Feed	
Forest Stewardship Council		RSS Feed	
GICHD (Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining)	Newsletter		
Global Witness	Newsletter		scanning
GRAMA (Groupe de recherche sur les activités minières en Afrique)	Newsletter		scanning
Great Lakes Center for Strategic Studies	Newsletter		
Guardian		RSS Feed	
Herald Tribune		RSS Feed	
Hirondelle			scanning
Human Rights Watch		RSS Feed	
IANSAs (International Action Network on Small Arms)	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
ICMM (International Council on Mining and Metals)	Newsletter		
IGAD (InterGovernmental Authority on Development)		RSS Feed	
Illegal Logging	Newsletter		
IMF (International Monetary Fund)	Newsletter		
infomine-africa.com	Newsletter		
Institute for war and peace reporting	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
International Alert	Newsletter		
International Business Times – Mining			scanning
International Crisisgroup	Newsletter		
International Energy Agency	Newsletter		
International Institute for Strategic Studies	Newsletter		
International Mining			scanning
IPIS (International Peace Information Service)			scanning
IPS - Belgium (Inter Press Service)			scanning
IPS – International		RSS Feed	
Irinnews	Newsletter		
ISS (Institute for Security Studies)	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
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mediacongo.net	Newsletter		
mineralinfo.org			scanning
Mineweb	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Mining weekly	Newsletter		
Miningmix		RSS Feed	

Miningwatch Canada		RSS Feed	
Miraya 101 FM		RSS Feed	
MO*	Newsletter		
Monde Diplomatique	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Monuc		RSS Feed	
New Times, The – Rwanda		RSS Feed	
New Vision (Uganda)		RSS Feed	
Noord-Zuidportaal	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Obsac (Observatoire de l'Afrique Centrale)		RSS Feed	
OCIPE (Jesuit European Office)	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
OilVoice		RSS Feed	
OPEC		RSS Feed	
OSISA (Open Society Initiative for Southern Africa)		RSS Feed	
Overseas Development Institute		RSS Feed	
Oxfam	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
PAC (Partnership Africa Canada)	Newsletter		
Pambazuka	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Pan African Parliament	Newsletter		
Pax Christi International	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Radio Okapi	Newsletter		
ReliefWeb		RSS Feed	
Resource Investor		RSS Feed	
Reuters Africa		RSS Feed	
Saferworld	Newsletter		
SEESAC (South Eastern and Eastern Europe Clearinghouse for the Control of Small Arms and Light Weapons)	Newsletter		
Sipri (Stockholm International Peace Research Institute)	Newsletter		
small arms survey			scanning
SpaceWar & TerraDaily	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
Steelguru	Newsletter		
Survie	Newsletter		
Syfia Grands Lacs	Newsletter		
Trends – Knack		RSS Feed	
Tresa (Training and Education on Small Arms)	Newsletter		
Uitpers	Newsletter		
UN News Centre	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
UNECA (... Economic Commission for Africa)	Newsletter		
UNHCR (... High Commissioner for refugees)		RSS Feed	
UNIDIR (... Institute for Disarmament Research)	Newsletter		
UNIDO (... Industrial Development Organization)		RSS Feed	
UNMIL (... Mission in Liberia)		RSS Feed	
USAID	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
USGS (U.S. Geological Survey)	Newsletter		
Vlaams Vredesinstituut	Newsletter		
VOA News		RSS Feed	
Warefare.ru	Newsletter		
Washington Post		RSS Feed	
World Bank	Newsletter	RSS Feed	
World Rainforest Movement	Newsletter		
WWF – Forest		RSS Feed	
Xinhua		RSS Feed	

Magazines*

Adelphi papers
Africa Energy Intelligence
Africa Mining Intelligence
Arms control today
Aviation week
Defense News
Flight International
Jane's defence weekly
Jane's international defence review
Jeune Afrique
La lettre du Continent
The arms control reporter
Veiligheid en strategie
Vrede en veiligheid

*Can be found at IPIS library

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